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FREECALL 1800 680 680

ONT-506/-512

Optical Network Tester 40/43 Gb/s Test Solution



May 2007 edition

Key Features

- 40/43 Gb/s optical and electrical interfaces in a single instrument
- SDH STM-256 and SONET OC-768 concatenated and fully structured signals
- OTM0.3 with PRBS or SDH/SONET client
- Unframed 39.813 Gb/s and 43.018 Gb/s BER testing
- Alarm, error, overhead, and pointer generation and analysis
- Jitter/ Wander generation and analysis for 40/43 Gb/s

Optical transport networking

New 40/43 Gb/s networks will allow operators to further enhance transport capacity in the optical network, extend distances between systems, and improve its flexibility and responsiveness in setting up new high-bandwidth services as well as lowering operating costs for these services.

Market drivers

High-end core routers with 40 Gb/s short reach interfaces are becoming an important market driver, reducing the number of interconnecting fibers within the central office. Big benefits are the lower cost, space and power consumption. In long-haul networks, a key to 40 Gb/s migration is the ability to utilize the existing line system. In metro-regional networks, e.g. city-hoppers applications, 40 Gb/s can also be used very cost effectively.

Challenges

New, high bit rate networks create enormous challenges for equipment vendors not only because they push the boundaries of physics, but also because every network component must be perfectly designed, installed and tuned. The point at which networks are installed, turned up and commissioned will prove critical. A new generation of test equipment capable of meeting the demands of 40/43 Gb/s systems will be required at each stage of network design, system verification and validation, network installation, maintenance, and troubleshooting.

Optical transport test solution

The JDSU ONT-506/512 enables evaluation and characterization of 40/43 Gb/s electrical/ optical devices. The ONT supports unframed BER testing, and framed SDH/SONET/OTN functional testing including jitter/ wander generation and analysis. The modular concept starts with 3 slots for 40 Gb/s optical framed and unframed. Further modules can be added to enable electrical interfaces and jitter/ wander applications. In addition, the programmable hardware architecture allows to add a payload module for the combined OTN with SDH/SONET client testing and to assure the future-proof for further applications.

The first all-in-one telecom box

ONT-506 mainframe

Highlights

- 6 slots to cover multiple ports/applications
- Large 15" TFT screen
- Plug-in modules
- Linux operating system
- Driver support



The ONT-506 is a 6-slot mainframe test solution with true multi-port operation for local and remote controlled applications.

'Plug-in' modules allow for easy upgrades in the field and exchange of interfaces among ONT-506 mainframes as well as between the ONT-506 and ONT-512 mainframes.

General specifications

Power supply (nominal range of use)

AC line voltage	100 to 240 V
AC line frequency	50/60 Hz, $\pm 5\%$
Power consumption (fully equipped)	max. 650 VA
Safety class to IEC 61010-1	class I

Ambient temperature

Nominal range of use	+5 to +40 °C/41 to 104 °F
Storage	-20 to +45 °C/-4 to +113 °F
Transport	-40 to +70 °C/-40 to 158 °F

Dimensions, including handle/bumpers

(w × h × d)	450 × 335 × 435 mm, 17.7 × 13.2 × 17.1 in
Weight (without modules)	approx. 17 kg/ 37.5 lb

Clock and synchronization

Internal master clock accuracy	± 2.0 ppm (exceeds T1.101 stratum 3/3E accuracy)
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External synchronization

75 Ω , unbalanced, BNC jack

Clock source	DS1, E1, 1544 kHz, 2048 kHz, 8 kHz, 1 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz
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110 Ω , balanced, bantam jack

Clock source	DS1, E1, 1544 kHz, 2048 kHz
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From RX

Each module may use its received signal clock information as reference for its transmitter.

Clock outputs

75 Ω , unbalanced, BNC jack

110 Ω , balanced, bantam jack

Instrument operation

The ONT-506, which uses the Linux operating system, supports three types of operation:

- Local GUI via built-in touchscreen
- Remote control, for test automation
- Remote GUI, via LAN

Touchscreen display

Large color TFT	15"
Resolution	1024 × 768 (XGA)

Interfaces, storage, data transfer

The ONT-506 uses a Pentium PC as internal controller allowing to run Linux applications as well.

Interfaces:	Ethernet (RJ45), USB, external keyboard, mouse, VGA
CD R/W/DVD-ROM drive for data transfer and software update.	
PC Pentium M, 1.8 GHz, 512 MB RAM	
Hard drive for data/setup storage	≥ 40 GB

Remote control for test automation

The ONT-506 is controlled remotely via SCPI commands sent by the customer's program using an Ethernet TCP/IP connection.

Modules are addressed independently and in parallel and may be shared among multiple users.

Universal driver libraries facilitate automation with specific support for individual applications.

Scripting support via Tcl/Tk and C libraries and LabWindows drivers.

The interactive GUI also works in parallel to remote control, so that it is very easy to develop automated scripts.

ONT-512 mainframe

Highlights

- 12 slots to cover multiple ports/applications
- Rack-mount chassis
- Plug-in modules
- Linux operating system
- Driver support



The ONT-512 is a 12-slot mainframe test solution with true multi-port operation for local and remote control.

'Plug-in' modules allow for easy upgrades in the field and exchange of interfaces among ONT-512 mainframes as well as between the ONT-512 and ONT-506 mainframes.

General specifications

Power supply (nominal range of use)

AC line voltage	100 to 240 V
AC line frequency	50/60 Hz, $\pm 5\%$
Power consumption (fully equipped)	max. 1000 VA
Safety class to IEC 61010-1	class I

Ambient temperature

Nominal range of use	+5 to +40 °C/ 41 to 104 °F
Storage	–25 to +45 °C/–13 to +113 °F
Transport	–40 to +70 °C/–40 to 158 °F
Dimensions (w × h × d)	464 × 327 × 523 in mm 18.2 × 12.9 × 20.6 in
7.5 rack unit height is required in a 19" rack for stacking	
Weight (without modules)	approx. 17 kg/ 37.5 lb

Clock and synchronization

Internal master clock accuracy	± 2.0 ppm (exceeds T1.101 stratum 3/3E accuracy)
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External synchronization

75 Ω , unbalanced, BNC jack

Clock source	DS1, E1, 1544 kHz, 2048 kHz, 8 kHz, 1 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz
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110 Ω , balanced, bantam jack

Clock source	DS1, E1, 1544 kHz, 2048 kHz
--------------	-----------------------------

From RX

Each module may use its received signal clock information as reference for its transmitter.

Clock outputs

75 Ω , unbalanced, BNC jack

110 Ω , balanced, bantam jack

Instrument operation

The ONT-512, which uses the Linux operating system, supports three types of operation:

- Local by connecting screen/ mouse/ keyboard
- Remote control for test automation
- Remote operation via LAN

Interfaces, storage, data transfer

The ONT-512 uses a Pentium PC as internal controller allowing to run Linux applications as well.

Interfaces:	Ethernet (RJ45), USB, external keyboard, mouse, VGA
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CD R/W/DVD ROM drive for data transfer and software update.

PC Pentium M, 1.8 GHz, 512 MB RAM

Hard drive for data/setup storage	≥ 40 GB
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Remote control for test automation

The ONT-512 is controlled remotely via SCPI commands sent by the customer's program using an Ethernet TCP/IP connection.

Modules are addressed independently and in parallel and may be shared among multiple users.

Universal driver libraries facilitate automation with specific support for individual applications.

Scripting support via Tcl/Tk and C-libraries and LabWindows drivers.

Remote operation may be used as a parallel monitor, while the ONT-512 is controlled remotely for test automation.

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Figure 1:
40G SDH/SONET (BN 3061/91.51)
– Unframed testing at 39.813 Gb/s
– Framed testing of SDH and SONET at 39.813 Gb/s

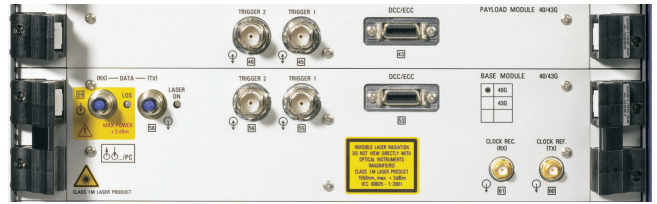


Figure 2:
40G SDH/SONET (BN 3061/91.51) and 43G OTN (BN 3061/91.52)
– Unframed testing at 39.813 Gbps and 43.018 Gb/s
– Framed testing of SDH and SONET at 39.813 Gb/s
– Framed testing of OTM0.3 at 43.018 Gb/s

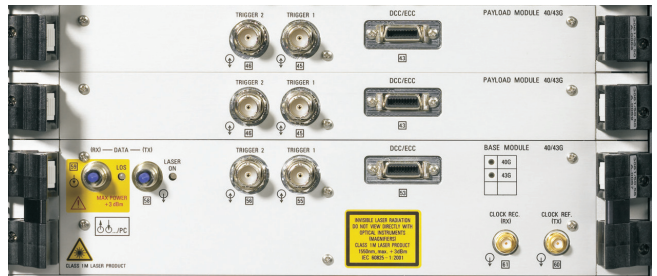


Figure 3:
40G SDH/SONET Jitter (BN 3061/91.61)
– Unframed testing at 39.813 Gb/s
– Framed testing of SDH and SONET at 39.813 Gb/s
– Jitter testing at 39.813 Gb/s
– Wander testing at 39.813 Gb/s (optional with BN 3061/93.93)

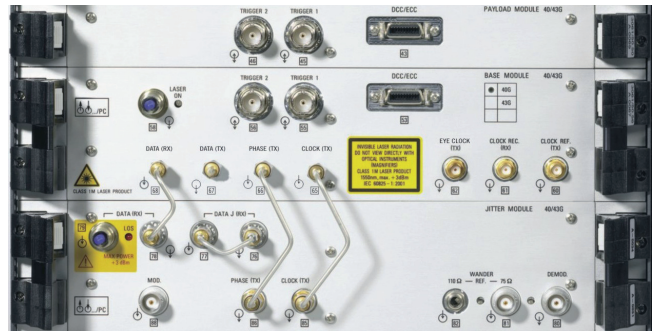
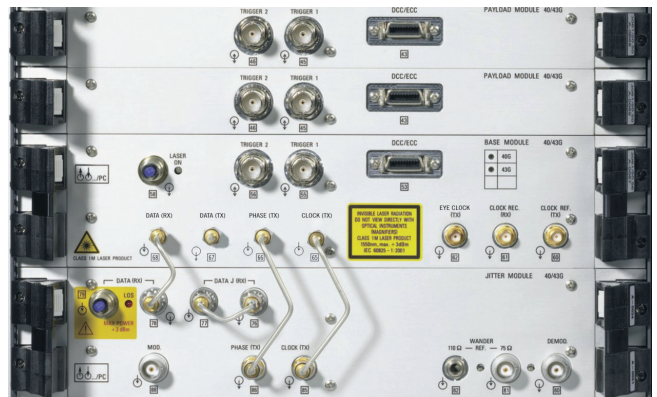
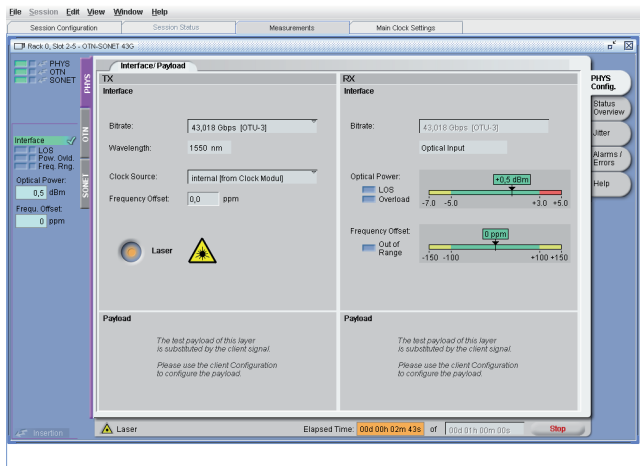


Figure 4:
40G SDH/SONET Jitter (BN 3061/91.61) and
43G Jitter (BN 3061/91.62) and 43G OTN (BN 3061/91.52)
– Unframed testing at 39.813 Gb/s and 43.018 Gb/s
– Framed testing of SDH and SONET at 39.813 Gb/s
– Framed testing of OTM0.3 at 43.018 Gb/s
– Jitter testing at 39.813 Gb/s and 43.018 Gb/s
– Wander testing at 39.813 Gb/s and 43.018 Gb/s (optional with BN 3061/93.93)



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Physical Layer



40G General

Interface

Line rate	39.813 Gb/s
Line code	scrambled NRZ

Clock generator

Internal accuracy	± 2 ppm
Offset range	± 50 ppm
Offset step size	0.1 ppm

Synchronization to external reference signals

- From received signal
- From mainframe see clock and synchronization of the ONT-506/512 mainframe

40G Standard version

Optical interface

The interface is in accordance with ITU-T G.693

Generator

Wavelength	1530 to 1565 nm
Output level	0 dBm to +3 dBm

Generator reference clock output

Via 50 Ω SMA connector, with clocking at line rate/64

Receiver

Wavelength	1530 to 1565 nm
Sensitivity	-5 dBm to +3 dBm
Offset pulling range	± 50 ppm

Displays of optical input level

Displays the current signal offset and the min/max values with time-stamp.

Recovered clock output

Via 50 Ω SMA connector, with clocking at line rate/64

40G Jitter version

Optical interface

The interface is in accordance with ITU-T G.693

Generator

Wavelength	1530 to 1565 nm
Output level	0 dBm to +3 dBm

Generator reference clock output

Via 50 Ω SMA connector, with clocking at line rate/64

Receiver

Wavelength	1530 - 1565 nm
Sensitivity	-5 dBm to +3 dBm
Sensitivity for jitter measurement	-1 dBm to 0 dBm
Offset pulling range	± 50 ppm
Offset permitted for jitter measurement	± 20 ppm

Display of optical input level

Displays the current signal offset and the min/max values with time-stamp.

Recovered clock output

Via 50 Ω SMA connector, with clocking at line rate/64

Eye clock interface

Clock	9.953 GHz
Connector type	SMA

Electrical interfaces

Impedance	AC coupled 50 Ω
Connector type	PC 2.92 mm (SMA compatible)

Generator data signal

Line code	scrambled NRZ
Output level	>200 mVpp

Generator clock signal

Output level	>200 mVpp
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Receiver data signal for jitter measurement

Line code	scrambled NRZ
Input level	200 to 600 mVpp

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43G General

Interface

Line Rate	43.018 Gb/s
Line code	scrambled NRZ

Clock generator

Internal accuracy	± 2 ppm
Offset range	± 50 ppm
Offset step size	0.1 ppm

Synchronization to external reference signals:

- From received signal
- From mainframe, see clock and synchronization of the ONT-506/512 mainframe

43G Standard version

Optical interface

The interface is in accordance with ITU-T G.693

Generator

Wavelength	1530 to 1565 nm
Output level	0 dBm to +3 dBm

Reference clock output

Via 50 Ω SMA connector, with clocking at line rate/64

Receiver

Wavelength	1530 to 1565 nm
Sensitivity	-5 dBm to +3 dBm
Offset pulling range	± 50 ppm

Displays of optical input level

Displays the current signal offset and the min/max values with time-stamp.

Recovered clock output

Via 50 Ω SMA connector, with clocking at line rate/64

43G Jitter version

Optical interface

The interface is in accordance with ITU-T G.693

Generator

Wavelength	1530 to 1565 nm
Output level	0 dBm to +3 dBm

Reference clock output

Via 50 Ω SMA connector, with clocking at line rate/64

Receiver

Wavelength	1530 to 1565 nm
Sensitivity	-5 dBm to +3 dBm
Sensitivity for jitter measurement	-1 dBm to 0 dBm
Offset pulling range	± 50 ppm

Offset permitted for jitter measurement

± 20 ppm

Display of optical input level

Displays the current signal offset and the min/max values with time-stamp.

Recovered clock output

Via 50 Ω SMA connector, with clocking at line rate/64

Eye clock interface

Clock	10.75 GHz
Connector type	SMA

Electrical interfaces

Impedance	AC coupled 50 Ω
Connector type	PC 2.92 mm (SMA compatible)

Generator data signal

Line code	scrambled NRZ
Output level	>200 mVpp

Generator clock signal

Output level	>200 mVpp
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Receiver data signal for jitter measurement

Line code	scrambled NRZ
Input level	200 to 600 mVpp

40/43G Jitter

Standards

Jitter is generated and analyzed in accordance with the following standards:

- ITU-T Recommendation O.172
- ITU-T Recommendation O.173
- ITU-T Recommendation G.825
- ITU-T Recommendation G.8251



Jitter generator

Built-in modulation generator

Jitter modulation signal	sine wave, 10 Hz to 320 MHz
Jitter amplitude	up to 12800 UIpp
Step width	0.001 UI

Generation accuracy (16 MHz to 320 MHz)	40 mUIpp
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External modulation input

Connector type	BNC, 50 Ω
Modulation frequency	0.1 Hz to 320 MHz
Input voltage range	0 to 632 mVpp (0 dBm)

Jitter analyzer

Measuring ranges/resolution

Peak-Peak I	0 to 2 UIpp/1 mUIpp
Peak-Peak II	1 to 8 UIpp/1 mUIpp
Peak-Peak III	4 to 40 UIpp/10 mUIpp
Peak-Peak IV	20 to 800 UIpp/100 mUIpp
Peak-Peak V	400 to 14000 UIpp/1 UIpp
RMS I	0 to 1 UI/0.1 mUI
RMS II	0.5 to 4 UI/0.1 mUI
RMS III	2 to 20 UI/1 mUI
RMS IV	10 to 400 UI/10 mUI
RMS V	200 to 7000 UI/100 mUI

Measurement accuracy (fixed error in 2 UI range)

20/80 kHz to 320 MHz	150 mUIpp
16 MHz to 320 MHz	50 mUIpp

Built-in filters

High-pass filters	20 kHz, 80 kHz, 16 MHz
Low-pass filter	320 MHz

Demodulator output

Connector type	BNC, 50 Ω
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Jitter application

Supports all manual and automatic measurements for jitter evaluations.

Jitter measuring modes

Current values (continuous measurement): Peak-Peak, positive peak, negative peak, RMS

Maximum values (gated measurement): Peak-Peak, positive peak, negative peak

Phase hits

The instrument detects when the programmable threshold for positive and negative jitter values is exceeded and the result indicates how often the threshold was exceeded.

Jitter versus time

This function is used to record variations of jitter with time and allows the positive and negative peak values, peak-to-peak values, and RMS values to be displayed versus time. Duration is up to 99 days.

Automatic jitter measurements

Maximum tolerable jitter (MTJ)

The jitter module automatically determines the maximum jitter amplitude tolerated by the DUT at selected jitter frequencies. The maximum permissible jitter amplitude can be precisely determined using a successive method. The module determines the exact limit value. Several error sources are selectable. Standard tolerance masks are available and can be edited.

Fast maximum tolerable jitter (Fast-MTJ)

This extremely fast measurement tests the device under test for conformance to the standard tolerance mask limits for maximum tolerable jitter. The editable frequency/amplitude values are set sequentially and the test pattern is monitored for the permitted threshold by the receiver. The result of each measurement is shown in a table as a status message.

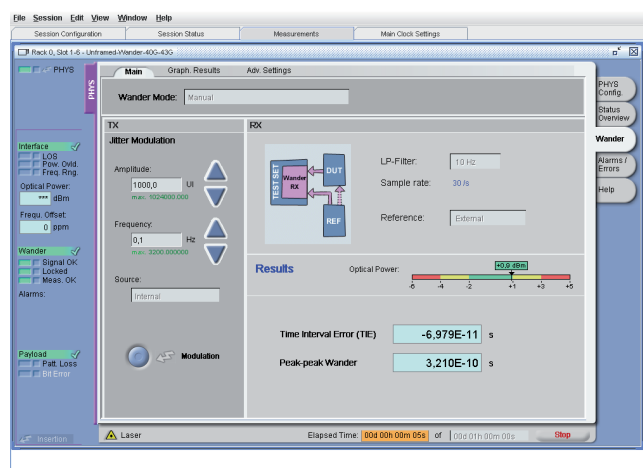
Selective jitter transfer function (JTF)

The JTF shows the ratio of the jitter amplitude at the output of the device under test (DUT) and at the input at various frequencies. Standard tolerance masks are available and can be edited.

40/43G Wander

Fully complies with or exceeds the requirements of ITU-T O.172.

This software option is only available in conjunction with 40G SDH/SONET jitter and the 43G jitter option which enables wander generation and analysis at the different bit rates.



Wander generator

Modulation signal	sine wave
Amplitude range	0.1 to 1024000 UI
Amplitude step width	0.1 UI
Frequency range	10 μ Hz to 10 Hz
Frequency step width	1 μ Hz

Wander analyzer

Four different sampling rates are available for detailed analysis versus time:

Sampling rate – Low-pass filter

1/s – 0.1 Hz, 30/s – 10 Hz (0.172), 60/s – 20 Hz, 1000/s – 100 Hz (0.172)

Wander reference signal input

Balanced	Bantam 110 Ω
Clock signal	1.544, 2.048 MHz
Data signal	1.544, 2.048 Mb/s

Unbalanced	BNC 75 Ω
Clock signal	1.544, 2.048, 5, 10 MHz
Data signal	1.544, 2.048 Mb/s

Wander measuring modes

Time interval error (TIE) numerical and graphical, peak-peak wander numerical.

TIE values are recorded and available for MTIE/TDEV evaluations and frequency offset and drift rate measurements with graphs and built-in masks that comply with Telcordia GR-253, GR-1244, ANSI T1.101, ETSI ETS 300 462, EN 302 084, ITU-T O.172, and G.810 to G.813 recommendations.

Automatic wander measurements

Maximum tolerable wander (MTW)

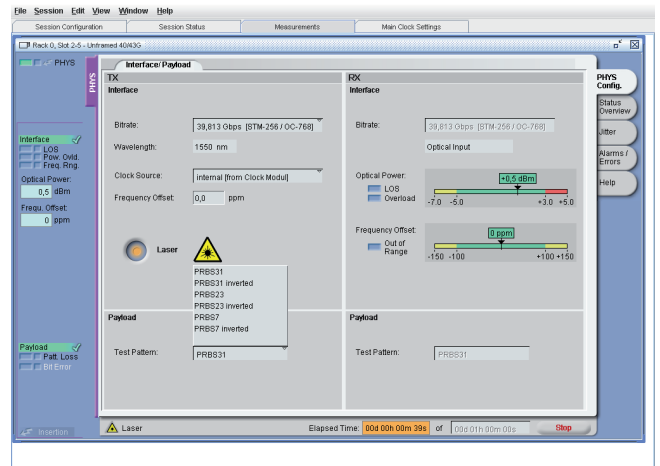
This application tests the DUT for conformance to the standard tolerance mask limits for wander tolerance and is available in connection with the wander generator.

The device under test is subjected to wander at several amplitudes and frequencies and the output signal is monitored for different error sources. The measurement point is then marked as “Pass” (no alarms or errors detected) or “Fail” (alarms or errors detected).

Unframed application

Unframed testing

With the possibility to generate and analyze unframed test signals the application space for testing with ONT family can be extended to earlier testing phases in the optical component area but also for verification of real transparent signals.



Generator

Test pattern

PRBS: 2^7-1 , $2^{23}-1$, $2^{31}-1$, 2^7-1 inv., $2^{23}-1$ inv., $2^{31}-1$ inv. (conforming to ITU-T O.150)

Error insertion

Type

Bit errors

Trigger

Single,

Rates from 1×10^{-3} to 1×10^{-12} with mantissa equal 1

Analyzer

Analysis of test pattern

PRBS: 2^7-1 , $2^{23}-1$, $2^{31}-1$, 2^7-1 inv., $2^{23}-1$ inv., $2^{31}-1$ inv. (conforming to ITU-T O.150)

Error measurement

Bit errors

Alarm detection

LOS, Pattern Loss

Resolution

100 ms

Result display of errors and alarms

Numerical display

Count, ratio and duration are displayed for each error

Duration is displayed for each alarm

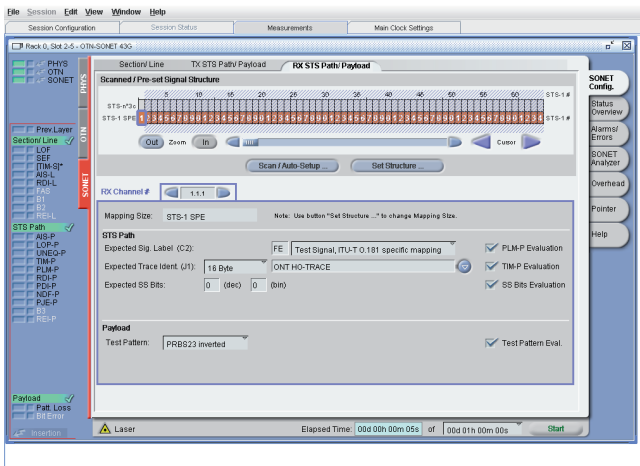
Tabular display

Display of all results with time stamps

Criteria

start, stop, duration, count

40G SDH/SONET



SDH/SONET application

SDH/SONET testing

Generation/evaluation of STM-256 signal according to ITU-T G.707

Generation/evaluation of OC-768 signal according to ANSI T1.105

Mapping

SDH: VC-4-256c, VC-4-64c, VC-4-16c, VC-4-4c, VC-4, VC-3

SONET: STS-768c SPE, STS-192c SPE, STS-48c SPE, STS-12c SPE, STS-3c SPE, STS-1 SPE

Generator modes

- Free definable foreground
- All channels identical
- Background selectable mapping, depending on foreground channel with definable path overhead and Null pattern as payload

Auto signal structure

Receiver analyses the signal structure (mapping, payload, traces) automatically for easy configuration of the test channel.

Generator

Test pattern

- PRBS: $2^{23}-1$, $2^{31}-1$, $2^{23}-1$ inv., $2^{31}-1$ inv. (conforming to ITU-T O.150)
- Programmable word: length 32 bits

Error insertion

Types

SDH: Random, FAS, B1, B2, B3, MS-REI, HP-REI, Bit errors

SONET: Random, FAS, B1, B2, B3, REI-L, REI-P, Bit errors

Trigger

Single,
Rates

Error	Min rate	Max rate	Stepping	Mapping
Random	1.00^{-10}	1.00^{-03}	exponential	–
FAS	1.00^{-12}	1.00^{-03}	0.1	–
B1	1.00^{-12}	1.61^{-06}	0.1	–
B2	1.00^{-12}	1.00^{-03}	0.1	–
MS-REI, REI-L	1.00^{-12}	1.00^{-03}	0.1	–
B3	1.00^{-12}	1.61^{-06}	0.1	STM-VC-4-256c, STS-1-768cSPE
B3	1.00^{-12}	1.00^{-03}	0.1	STM-VC-3, STS-1-SPE
HP-REI, REI-P	1.00^{-12}	1.61^{-06}	0.1	STM-VC-4-256c, STS-1-768cSPE
HP-REI, REI-P	1.00^{-12}	1.00^{-03}	0.1	STM-VC-3, STS-1-SPE
Bit error	1.00^{-12}	1.00^{-03}	exponential	–

Alarm generation

Type:

SDH: LOF, MS-AIS, MS-RDI, AU-AIS, AU-LOP, HP-UNEQ, HP-PLM

HP-RDI, HP-RDI-C, HP-RDI-S, HP-RDI-P

SONET: LOF, AIS-L, RDI-L, AIS-P, LOP-P, UNEQ-P, PLM-P, RDI-P, RDI-P-C, RDI-P-S, RDI-P-P, PDI-P

Trigger

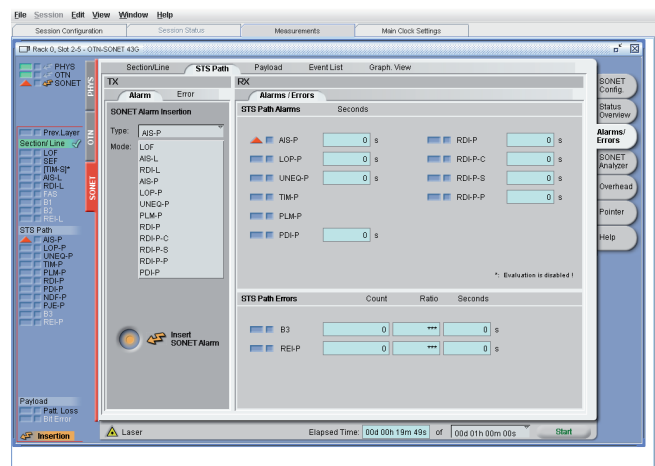
Continuous

Single burst

Continuous burst

Burst with M frames active and N frames inactive

N, M = 1 to 800000 or 125 μ s to 1000 s



Overhead generator

The stimulus of different overhead byte pattern is an important part of verification and interoperability testing. Network elements (NE) should respond in the defined manner and any responses then conveyed by a different overhead byte.

Statically programmable bytes:

- A1-A2 unscrambled
- RSOH/SOH all bytes except B1
- MSOH/LOH all bytes except B2, H1...H3
- POH all bytes except B3

Display of overhead on the GUI.

Trace identifier

J0, J1 programmable 1 byte, 16 bytes with CRC or 64 byte sequence

Generation of pointer actions

Generation of pointer actions at the AU/STS level

- New pointer value setting with or without NDF
- Offset simulation in ppms
- Single, periodical and alternating pointer increment/decrement
- Pointer sequences with different types

SS-bits definable

Analyzer**Test pattern**

- PRBS: $2^{23}-1$, $2^{31}-1$, $2^{23}-1$ inv., $2^{31}-1$ inv. (conforming to ITU-T O.150)
- Programmable word: length 32 bits
- “Traffic” mode ignores LSS alarm and TSE that allows analysis of live traffic without trouble indication

Error measurements

SDH: FAS, B1, B2, B3, MS-REI, HP-REI, Bit errors

SONET: FAS, B1, B2, B3, REI-L, REI-P, Bit errors

Alarm detections

SDH: OOF, LOF, MS-AIS, MS-RDI, RS-TIM, AU-AIS, AU-LOP, HP-TIM, HP-UNEQ, HP-PLM, HP-RDI, Pattern Loss

SONET: OOF, LOF, AIS-L, RDI-L, TIM-L, AIS-P, LOP-P, TIM-P, UNEQ-P, PLM-P, RDI-P, PDI-P, PLM-P, ERDI-P-Payload, ERDI-P-Server, ERDI-P-Connect, Pattern Loss

Resolution 100 ms

Result display of errors and alarms*Numerical display*

Count, ratio and duration are displayed for each error

Duration is displayed for each alarm

Tabular display

Display of all results with time stamps

Criteria start, stop, duration, count

Graphical display

Display of all events as bar graphs versus time. Cursors allow easy identification and zooming (in and out) on results. Filters enable event selection.

Time axis second, minute, hour

Overhead analyzer

Display of Overhead on the GUI.

Message evaluation (TIM/PLM)

- J0, J1 1 byte, 16 bytes with CRC or 64 byte sequence
- J0, J1 clear text display
- TIM evaluation: exception value editable as criterion for TIM
- C2 signal label clear text selection
- PLM Evaluation : exception value editable as criterion for PLM

Pointer analysis

AU/STS Pointer

Numerical display

Value, count of increments, decrements, NDF.

Tabular display

Display of all events with time stamps

Criteria start, stop, duration, count

Performance monitoring*For SONET:*

Evaluation of ES, EFS, SES, UAS and SEFS (GR 253, T1.231) ESA, ESB

*For SDH:***Performance monitoring G.826**

EB, BBE, ES, EFS, SES, and UAS are evaluated. Pass/fail assessments based on line length allocation of 0.1 to 100%.

The SES and UAS thresholds are user-programmable. In-service measurement (ISM) of the near end and the far end of a selected path, as well as out-of-service (OOS) measurements, are supported.

Performance monitoring G.828 and G.829

The G.828 defines error performance parameters for international synchronous paths.

EB, BBE, ES, EFS, SES, and UAS are evaluated. Pass/fail assessments are based on a line length allocation of 0.1 to 100%. The SES and UAS thresholds are user-programmable. The SEP can be switched off for assessment. G.829 defines error performance events and block structures for SDH multiplex and regenerator sections.

Byte capture SOH/TOH

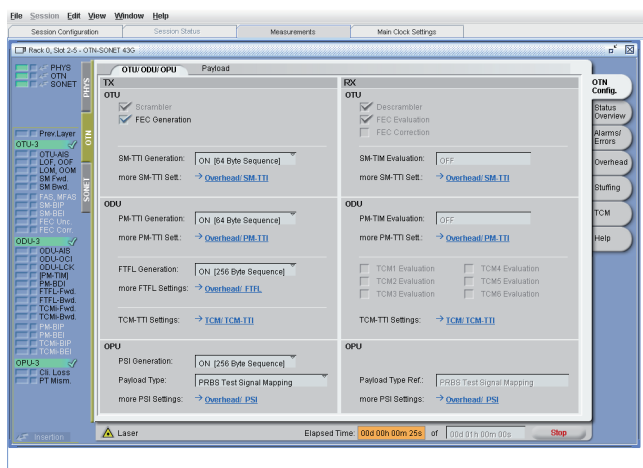
To analyze the SOH/TOH functions, it is necessary to capture individual bytes vs. time, allowing detection of errors or short term changes with frame level resolution. The capture function is started by a selectable trigger.

Values for one/two selected bytes are stored and can be accessed subsequently in a table of values.

Particularly in capturing the APS sequences, bytes K1 and K2 are displayed in clear text.

Selectable bytes for SOH/TOH	all bytes
Captured parameters	byte value, number of frames and correspondent time
Storage depth of one byte or K1/K2 combination	
post trigger	up to 256 value changes
pre trigger	up to 256 value changes
Trigger conditions	pre, post, center
Trigger events	user defined byte value, bit mask (compare, not compare, don't care)

43G OTN



OTN application

OTN testing

The OTN application runs on the Interface module and the payload board and allows generation and analysis of an OTM0.3 signal.

Detailed parameters can be manipulated and evaluated in different OTN levels. Its payload supports both framed SDH/SONET and unframed clients.

The test set provides signal analysis and manipulation (alarm, error, overhead), Forward Error Correction (FEC) generation and analysis as well as FEC error testing. In addition to this, the full analysis capabilities of SDH and SONET are available for OTN client analysis.

Generator

OPU3 mapping of client signals:

- CBR40G with SDH/SONET client
 - STM-256/STS-768 signal internally generated.
 - Generation see chapter 40G SDH/SONET application (page 8).
- PRBS test signal
 - PRBS $2^{31}-1$, $2^{23}-1$, $2^{31}-1$ inv., $2^{23}-1$ inv. (conforming to ITU-T O.150)
 - Digital word 32 bit free programmable
- Null client

All clients can be mapped bit-synchronous or asynchronous

Client offset – stuffing

The asynchronous SONET and SDH client offset can be adjusted within the ± 65 ppm range and the stuffing rate of the client can thus be manipulated.

Overhead

Overhead bytes (frame alignment/OTU-3/ODU-3/OPU-3)

- All bytes statically programmable except MFAS, SM BIP, PM BIP, TCM1...6 BIP
- Additional possibilities for SM TTI, PM TTI, TCM1...6 TTI (Trail Trace Identifier):
 - Sequence consisting of the SAPI (16 bytes) and DAPI (16 bytes) and the operator specified (32 bytes).
- User designed payload structure identifier (PSI) and payload type identifier clear text
- One OH byte can be selected for a freely defined sequence of 16/32/64/128/256 bytes
- FTFL free definable forward/backward (FW/BW) fault indication and operator identifier

Error insertion

Type

Random, FAS, MFAS

SM BIP-8, SM BEI, PM BIP-8, PM BEI

TCMi BIP-8, TCMi BEI (i = 1 to 6)

Bit errors (only available with PRBS test signal)

Trigger

Single

Rate

Burst

Burst continuous

Burst error M frames errors, N frames error free, M and N = 0 to 2^9

Rate

Error name	Min rate	Max rate	Stepping
Random	1.00^{-10}	1.00^{-03}	exponential
Bit	1.00^{-12}	1.00^{-03}	exponential

BIP masks

The position and number of bit errors in the bytes can be selected.

Valid for SM BIP, PM BIP, TCMi BIP (i = 1 to 6)

12

BEI value

To stress the BEI evaluation of the DUT receiver the BEIs can be set to values 0 to 15

Valid for SM BEI, PM BEI, TCMi BEI (i = 1 to 6)

Alarm generation**Type**

LOF, OOF, LOM, OOM
 OTU-AIS, ODU-AIS, ODU-OCI, ODU-LCK, SM BDI, SM IAE, SM
 BIAE, PM-BDI
 FW-SD, FW-SF, BW-SD, BW-SF
 TCMi-BDI, TCMi-BIAE (i = 1 to 6)

Trigger

Continuously all alarms
 Burst once all errors except LOS, LOF
 Burst continuous OOF, OOM, SD, SF
 Burst alarms M frames with alarm, N frames no alarm,
 M and N = 0 to 2⁹

OTUFEC

The FEC generation can be switched on and off. Using the OTU FEC field, FEC according to the Reed-Solomon (255,239) algorithm is performed on the generated frame. With data blocks consisting of 239 data bytes and 16 FEC field bytes, up to 16 byte errors can be detected or 8 byte errors be corrected.

FEC error insertion modes

- FECcorrectable, FECuncorrectable
- FECstress: This extremely helpful function allows maximum stress tests within a short time frame.
 The maximum possible number of errors that the device under test (DUT) should still be able to correct is inserted into the OTU frame.

FEC advanced

FEC advanced allows the user to define a detailed position for error insertion in the OTU frame. Correction capability testing below and above the correction limit can be performed.

Selectable parameters: row, subrow, errored bytes per subrow, start position in subrow, byte error mask

Analyzer**OPU-3 mapping of client signals:**

- CBR40G with SDH/SONET client
 - STM-256/STS-768 signal.
 - Analysis see chapter 40G SDH/SONET applications (page 8).
- PRBS test signal
 - PRBS: 2³¹-1, 2²³-1, 2³¹-1 inv., 2²³-1 inv.
 - Digital word 32 bit free programmable
- Null client

All clients can be de-mapped bit-synchronous and asynchronous

Stuffing of the payload

Display of payload offset in ppm

Stuffing counts

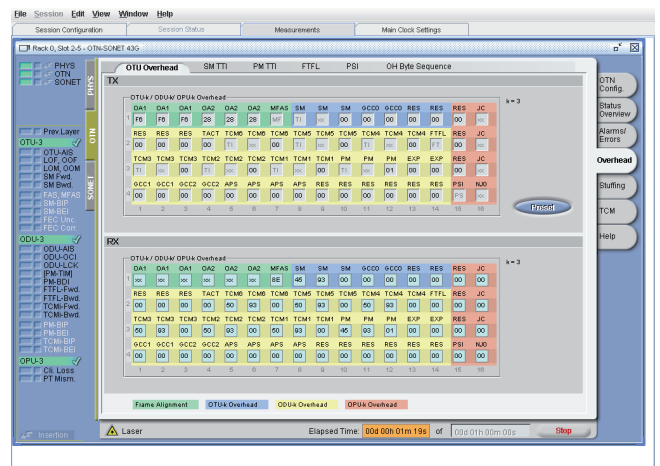
Positive, negative, sum count, duration of effected seconds

Overhead evaluation (frame alignment/OTU-3/ODU-3/OPU-3)

- Display of the complete overhead
- SM TTI, PM TTI, TCM1...6 TTI display of the 64 byte ASCII sequence of SAPI, DAPI and Operator field
- One sequence of up to 256 bytes can be captured and displayed for a selectable OH byte
- Display payload structure identifier (PSI) bytes and payload type identifier (PT) clear text
- Editable PT expectation value as mismatch criterion
- FTFL forward/backward (FW/BW) fault indication and operator identifier fields

Trace references

- Set of SAPI and DAPI expectation values in traces SM TTI, PM TTI, TCM1...6 TTI
- Select evaluation type of the received signal: SAPI or DAPI or SAPI/DAPI

**Error measurement**

Validation of data for error measurement occurs after frame alignment, descrambling, and FEC computation and correction.

Error detection**Types**

FAS, MFAS, SM BIP, SM BEI, PM BIP, PM BEI

TCMi BIP, TCMi BEI (i = 1 to 6)

Bit error (only available for PRBS testing signal)

Alarm detection

LOF, OOF, LOM, OOM
 OTU-AIS, ODU-AIS, ODU-OCI, ODU-LCK, SM BDI, SM IAE, SM BIAE, SM TIM
 PM-BDI, PM TIM
 FW-SD, FW-SF, BW-SD, BW-SF
 TCMi-BDI, TCMi-IAE, TCMi-TIM (i = 1 to 6)
 CL-LOSS (Client signal Loss of synchronization)
 PT-MISM

Resolution 100 ms

Result display of errors and alarms**Numerical display**

Count, ratio and duration are displayed for each error

Duration is displayed for each alarm

Tabular display

Display of all results with time stamps

Criteria start, stop, duration, count

Graphical display

Display of all events as bar graphs versus time. Cursors allow easy identification and zooming (in and out) on results. Filters enable event selection.

Time axis second, minute, hour

OTUFEC

The FEC analysis and correction can be switched on and off. Using the OTU FEC field, FEC according to the Reed-Solomon (255,239) algorithm is performed on the received frame. With data blocks consisting of 239 data bytes and 16 FEC field bytes, up to 16 byte errors can be detected or 8 byte errors be corrected.

Error detection**Type**

FECcorr. bit, FECcorr. code word, FECuncorr. code word

Result display of errors**Numerical display**

Count, ratio and duration are displayed for each error

Tabular display

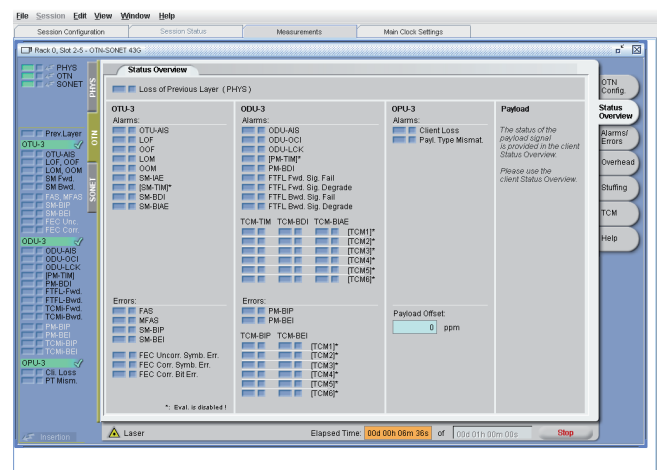
Display of all results with time stamps

Criteria start, stop, duration, count

Graphical display

Display of all events as bar graphs versus time. Cursors allow easy identification and zooming (in and out) on results. Filters enable event selection.

Time axis second, minute, hour



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Ordering information

BN 3062/01 **ONT-506 Optical Network Tester**

6-slot mainframe with 15" TFT display to take any combination of modules.

Please check number of slots required per module.

BN 3062/92.45	Carrying case
BN 3062/94.01	Calibration report

BN 3061/01 **ONT-512 Optical Network Tester**

12-slot rack mount mainframe to take any combination of modules. Please check number of slots required per module.

BN 3061/94.01	Calibration report
BN 3061/92.01	Rack mount kit
	It is recommended to install a support bar in the rack when mounting the ONT-512 when using the rack mount kit.

Modules and options

SDH/SONET application

BN 3061/91.51	40G SDH/SONET STM-256, OC-768, unframed 40G 3 slots
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OTN application

BN 3061/91.52	43G OTN OTM.03, unframed 43G Includes OTN with SDH/SONET and bulk clients Requires 1 slot in addition Requires one of the following: 40G SDH/SONET BN 3061/91.51 or 43G Jitter BN 3061/91.62
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Jitter/Wander application

BN 3061/91.61	40G SDH/SONET Jitter STM-256, OC-768, unframed 40G 5 slots
BN 3061/91.62	43G Jitter Unframed jitter at 43G No additional slot required Requires the following: 40G SDH/SONET Jitter BN 3061/91.61 OTN framed signals require: 43G OTN BN 3061/91.52

BN 3061/93.93	Wander 40/43G Software option Requires the following: 40G SDH/SONET Jitter BN 3061/91.61 and optional 43G Jitter BN 3061/91.62
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Optical connectors

One type of optical connector must be selected from BN 2060/00.xy for every digital module except Ethernet as listed below.

Measuring adapter

BN 2060/00.51	FC, FC-PC, FC-APC
BN 2060/00.58	SC, SC-PC, SC-APC
BN 2060/00.32	ST type (AT&T)
BN 2060/00.51	DIN 47256
BN 2060/00.53	E 2000 (Diamond)
BN 2060/00.59	LC, F-3000 (PC-APC)

Optical attenuators

BN 2239/90.30	FC-PC, 10 dB, 1310/1550 nm
BN 2239/90.38	SC, 10 dB, 1310/1550 nm

JDSU offers a wide range of optical power meters, sources and attenuators. Contact your local sales representative for details.

Other flexible solutions available on the ONT-506 and ONT-512 platform

2.5G/10G (-B) modules

- SONET/SDH (PoS optional)
- Multi-Channel SONET/SDH (optional)
- Jitter/wander for version -B (optional)



OTN 2.5/2.7G (-B) module

- OTN/SONET/SDH (PoS optional)
- Multi-Channel SONET/SDH (optional)



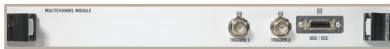
OTN 10/10.7G (-B) module

- OTN/SONET/SDH (PoS optional)
- Multi-Channel SONET/SDH (optional)
- Jitter/wander for version -B (optional)



Multi-channel extension module

- Adds Multi-Channel SONET/SDH to 2.5/10G, OTN and NewGen modules



DSn/PDH modules

- Unframed, framed and muxed DSn and PDH signals
- Single and dual ports



10G Ethernet module

- LAN PCS/MAC errors and traffic
- WAN (OC-192c/STM-64c)



Ethernet modules up to 1 Gb/s

- Optical and electrical interfaces
- Ethernet MAC
- Ethernet link



NewGen solution 2.5G (-B)/10G

- Ethernet over SONET/SDH (EoS)
- Ethernet MAC
- LCAS, GFP, differential delay
- SONET/SDH (PoS optional)
- Multi-Channel SONET/SDH (optional)
- GFP-T (optional)



- Jitter/wander for version 2.5G-B (optional)



High performance OSA module

- Optical spectrum analysis
- EDFA test
- DFB, FP, LED tests
- Drop option up to 10.7 Gb/s



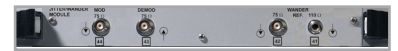
ONT-506

- 6 slots to take any combination of modules
- 15" TFT display



2.5G-B, 2.5/2.7G-B jitter module (155 Mb/s to 2.7 Gb/s)

- High-accurate jitter evaluation according to new O.172 Appendix VII + VIII
- Adds jitter to 2.5G modules
- Adds jitter to NewGen module 2.5G
- Adds jitter to OTN module 2.5/2.7G
- Wander (optional)



10G-B, 10/ 10.7G-B jitter module

- High-accurate jitter evaluation according to new O.172 Appendix VII + VIII
- Adds jitter to 10G modules
- Adds jitter to OTN module 10/10.7G
- Wander (optional)



Differential interface module

- Differential interfaces for XFP/SFP jitter testing



ONT-512

- 12 slots to take any combination of modules
- Rack mount
- Multi-port load testing with high port count





Related products

ONT-50 Optical Network Tester

Desktop solution for testing of design and conformance of Next Generation transport networks. SDH, SONET, Multi-channel, OTN, Jitter, NewGen, Ethernet. Multiple users can run multiple applications simultaneously and independently. Linux operating system. High resolution 12" colored touchscreen, 4 slots.

Multiple Application Platform (MAP)

With over 20 unique modules, MAP enables users to manipulate and control optical transmission signals (independent of rate or format) and enables testing of transmission quality as a function of parameters such as Average Power, OSNR and Polarization state. Optical switches and optical splitter modules may be added to enable automation interfaces for multiple devices and/or multiple signal sources.

The modular platform is available in 3 or 8 slot chassis with GPIB or RS-232 interfaces. ActiveX and LabView drivers are also provided. Rack mount kits and a reverse mount system enable clean factory test integration and rear fiber exit when needed.

2x2: optical switch (cross)

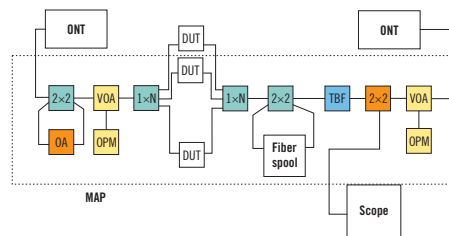
OA: optical amplifier

OPM: optical power meter

VOA: variable optical attenuator

1xN: 1:N switch

TBF: tunable bandpass filter



OLC-65 Optical Level Controller

The OLC-65 contains both attenuator and power meter function making test set-up simple and eliminating the need to connect several instruments, cables and couplers.

See OLC-65 data sheet for details.

Handheld Fiber Inspection Microscope OIM-400

Many light transmission problems occur as a result of improper fiber connectors. The Fiber Microscope reflects details of scratches and any contamination of connector end surfaces. The light weight microscope is equipped with universal push-pull adapter.

Magnification 400x

Power supply 3 "AAA" batteries

OIM-400

BN WO-FM-C400

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