

ABN 43 064 478 842

231 osborne avenue clayton south, vic 3169
 PO box 1548, clayton south, vic 3169
 t 03 9265 7400 f 03 9558 0875
 freecall 1800 680 680

www.tmgtestequipment.com.au

# Test & Measurement

- sales
- rentals
- calibration
- repair
- disposal

## **Complimentary Reference Material**

This PDF has been made available as a complimentary service for you to assist in evaluating this model for your testing requirements.

TMG offers a wide range of test equipment solutions, from renting short to long term, buying refurbished and purchasing new. Financing options, such as Financial Rental, and Leasing are also available on application.

TMG will assist if you are unsure whether this model will suit your requirements.

Call TMG if you need to organise repair and/or calibrate your unit.

If you click on the "Click-to-Call" logo below, you can all us for FREE!

## **TMG Corporate Website TMG Products Website** Leuel 4 Disposal Disposal Click-to-Call TMG Now leuel 5 Review & Leuel 3 Repair Renew Review & Renew Repair Calibration Calibration Recycled Acquisition Leuel 1 Acquisition **Purchase** Lease Solution Centre Rent

#### **Disclaimer:**

All trademarks appearing within this PDF are trademarks of their respective owners.

Product Lifecycle Management System









## Vector Signal Generator R&S®SMV03

## Vector modulation in the analog class

- Frequency range 9 kHz to 3.3 GHz
- I/Q modulator (100 MHz RF bandwidth) with excellent vector accuracy (f > 500 MHz to 3 GHz)
- ◆ SSB phase noise -128 dBc (1 Hz)
- Setting times <10 ms</li>

- ◆ High level accuracy <0.5 dB</p>
- High reliability through electronic attenuator
- Digital frequency and level sweep
- AM/FM/φM

- Optional pulse modulator with integrated pulse generator
- Optional stereo coder with analog and digital audio inputs
- Three-year calibration cycle



## The allrounder

The Vector Signal Generator R&S®SMV03 is based on the successful analog Signal Generator R&S®SML03 and features the same excellent technical characteristics. It comprises an additional broadband I/Q modulator that is able to generate any digital signal in conjunction with an external I/Q source. The R&S®SMV03 is, therefore, a way of entering the wide field of automatic test systems as well as gaining access to applications such as R&D and service. When used together with the R&S®AMIQ and R&S®WinIQSIM™, the R&S®SMV03 can generate digital signals that meet any requirement.

#### RF characteristics

- Frequency range from 9 kHz to 3.3 GHz with 0.1 Hz resolution
- High output level of +13 dBm with a deviation <0.5 dB</li>
- Interruption-free level setting by means of electronic attenuator
- High spectral purity
   -122 dBc (1 Hz) at f = 1 GHz and 20 kHz carrier offset
- Frequency and level setting time
   <10 ms</li>

#### **Vector modulation**

- Wide I/Q bandwidth of >50 MHz (3 dB), 100 MHz RF bandwidth for f > 500 MHz to 3 GHz
- High vector accuracy

#### **Analog modulation**

- AM/FM/φM as standard
- Simultaneous AM, FM/φM, pulse and vector modulation
- Optional pulse modulator with integrated Pulse Generator R&S®SML-B3 and retrofittable Stereo/RDS Coder R&S®SML-B5

#### **Dimensions**

- Compact size427 mm × 88 mm × 450 mm
- Low weight <9.5 kg</li>

#### Low cost of ownership

- Three-year calibration cycle
- Electronic attenuator for wear-free operation
- Service-friendly (continuous selftest, access to internal test points)



## **Applications**

## Production: fast, accurate, reliable

#### Versatility

The R&S®SMV03 generates all kinds of I/Q-modulated signals using the integrated vector modulator. Owing to its wide I/Q bandwidth of 50 MHz, the R&S®SMV03 is also optimally suited for applications using high data rates such as WLAN standards. Signals to digital standards can be easily generated in conjunction with an external I/Q source like the Modulation Generator R&S®AMIQ (PD 0757.3970) and the associated R&S®WinIQSIM™ simulation software (PD 0758.0680).

The R&S®SMV03 therefore optimally meets production environment requirements.

#### **Dimensions**

The compact size (only 2 HU) makes the R&S®SMV03 ideal for use in production where space is often limited.

#### Speed

Speed is essential — especially in production. And this is exactly where the R&S®SMV03 shows what it can do with a frequency and level setting time of <10 ms.

#### Accuracy

Any measurement uncertainty has two components: the uncertainty due to the measuring instrument and that due to the rest of the test setup. The lower the level uncertainty of the vector signal generator, the greater the test setup tolerance that may be allowed. If greater tolerances can be allowed for the DUT because of the small level error of the R&S®SMV03, production rejects can be markedly reduced — an advantage that pays off immediately.

#### Reliability

A signal generator used in production must feature high reliability. The R&S®SMV03 meets this requirement, for example, through the use of a completely wear-free electronic attenuator.

#### Output level

In production test systems, the signal is routed to the DUT via switches and cables which introduce losses. This can be compensated for by the high output power of the R&S®SMV03.

#### Example: component test

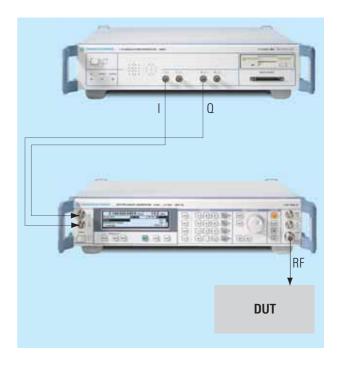
Tests using digital signals are becoming increasingly important for checking the functions of individual components — especially at the component production stage. In this environment, the R&S®SMV03's I/Q modulator shows what it can do. Owing to its wide signal bandwidth of 50 MHz, it can generate a

great variety of digital signals when an external I/Q source is used.

To obtain reliable information on component quality, high level accuracy and high output level repeatability are essential. The R&S®SMV03 fully meets these requirements owing to a maximum level uncertainty of <0.5 dB (at levels >-120 dBm) and high reproducibility.

Extremely short frequency and level setting times (<10 ms) allow fast measurements and make the R&S®SMV03 the ideal generator for production testing.

Overshoots that occur when the level is changed may damage or even destroy the DUT. This cannot happen with the R&S®SMV03 as no overshoots are produced.



#### Lab and R&D: versatile

#### Versatile modulation modes

Particularly in research, a great variety of digital signals are used in the development of new systems, which are not always covered by a standard. Owing to its very wideband I/Q modulator, the R&S®SMV03 can handle universal tasks of this kind.

In conjunction with the optional Pulse Modulator R&S®SML-B3, the vector signal generator can also handle all types of analog modulation. AM, FM/ $\phi$ M and pulse modulation can be used simultaneously as can vector modulation, FM/ $\phi$ M and pulse modulation.

#### **High spectral purity**

Owing to its low phase noise, the R&S®SMV03 is ideally suited to replace LOs.



Module test with the R&S® SMV03, R&S® AMIQ and Spectrum Analyzer R&S® FSP

#### High and accurate output level

The high level accuracy of the Vector Signal Generator R&S®SMV03 is a prerequisite for highly accurate measure-

ments on sensitive analog and digital receivers. Its high output level makes the R&S®SMV03 an ideal source for driving high-level mixers.

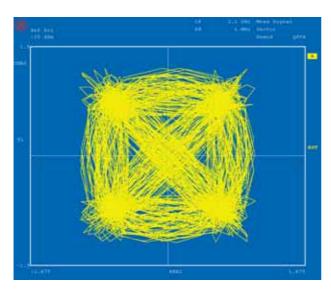
#### **Excellent modulation characteristics**

As the R&S® SMV03 provides high-linearity FM, it can be used as a precise VCO.

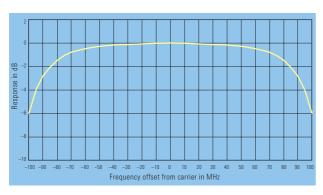
#### Example: receiver measurements

Sensitivity measurements require a signal generator with high level accuracy. High accuracy is even more critical at low output levels. Owing to its sophisticated calibration methods, the R&S®SMV03 features high level accuracy (uncertainty <0.5 dB at levels >—120 dBm).

Minimal spurious, minimal broadband noise and, above all, excellent SSB phase noise are prerequisites for using the R&S®SMV03 as an interference source. With an SSB phase noise of typ.  $-128\ dBc/Hz$  (at  $f=1\ GHz$ ,  $\Delta f=20\ kHz$ ), spurious suppression of typ.  $-76\ dBc$  and broadband noise of typ.  $-150\ dBc$  (1 Hz), the R&S®SMV03 meets even the most exacting requirements.



Vector diagram of QPSK signals



Frequency response of I/Q modulator (carrier frequency 1 GHz)

The mechanical design of the R&S®SMV03 ensures excellent RF shielding of its casing. This is particularly important for measurements on highly sensitive receivers with built-in antenna.

#### **EMS** measurements

## Interruption-free level setting without overshoots

EMS measurements require interruptionfree level setting which should also be overshoot-free. The R&S®SMV03 does not produce any overshoots — even at setting times <10 ms. Furthermore, it has a wide dynamic range of typ. 30 dB across which level adjustment is interruptionfree.

#### Wide frequency range

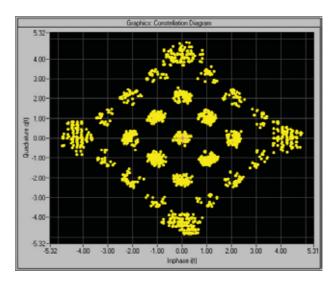
The R&S®SMV03 features a lower frequency limit of 9 kHz as standard and thus fully covers the frequency range required for EMC measurements.

#### Reference source

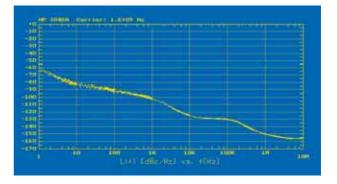
The R&S®SMV03 allows selection of the mode of frequency generation. In the extended divider range mode, the RF signal is generated by frequency division. The excellent values obtained in this mode for SSB phase noise are comparable to those from the high-grade crystal oscillators normally used as reference sources from 10 MHz to 30 MHz.

Compared to crystal oscillators, the R&S®SMV03 has the following benefits:

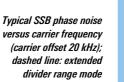
- The frequency can be set in 0.1 Hz steps and synchronized to an external reference
- All functions can be remotely controlled via the IEC/IEEE bus or serial interface



Constellation diagram of WCDMA signal in 3GPP TDD mode



Typical SSB phase noise at 1 GHz (with OCXO option R&S®SML-B1)



SSB phase noise at 9.5 MHz output frequency, extended divider range activated, 1 Hz measurement bandwidth

-115			
-120 <del>Î</del>			
12H -125 -130 -130 -135 -135 -135 -135 -135 -135 -135 -135			
98 –135 –			Ш
-140 <del>-</del>			
-145			
-150	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		
10	50 100	500 1000 Frequency in MHz —	3300

Offset from carrier	SSB phase noise, typical values
1 Hz	−95 dB
10 Hz	−120 dB
100 Hz	−130 dB
1 kHz	−138 dB
10 kHz	−148 dB

Signal Generator R&S\*SML+Stereo/RDS Coder R&S\*SML-B5

RF-modulated test signal including ARI and RDS

FM stereo tunei

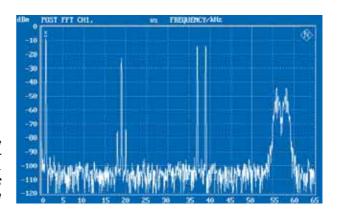
 $\blacksquare$ 

Signal output by the stereo/RDS coder prior to FM modulation with ARI and RDS information

Audio signals pro-

R&S®SML

duced by the built-in LF generator of the



## Generation of stereo and RDS signals

0000

FM stereo broadcasting is still the major audio medium — especially in the automobile sector, where millions of car radios are produced every year. With its integration into mobile radio telephones, FM broadcasting becomes even more significant. For testing FM stereo receivers, audio test signals are modulated onto an RF carrier and measured after demodulation by the DUT. For the car radio sector, automotive radio information (ARI) has to be generated in addition. Test signals are also needed for the radio data system (RDS), which has been established in many countries for a long time.

#### Stereo/RDS Coder R&S®SML-B5

The optional Stereo/RDS Coder R&S®SML-B5 meets all the above requirements. Built into instruments of the Signal Generator Family R&S®SML/R&S®SMV, the solution is based on equipment featuring an excellent price/performance ratio as well as top-class specifications and providing full coverage of the frequency range in question.

## Audio signals produced by internal LF generator

The internal LF generator, which is suitable for simple receiver tests, is part of the basic configuration of the R&S®SML/R&S®SMV. It generates sinusoidal signals at fixed frequencies, thus allowing basic functional tests to be carried out without an external signal.

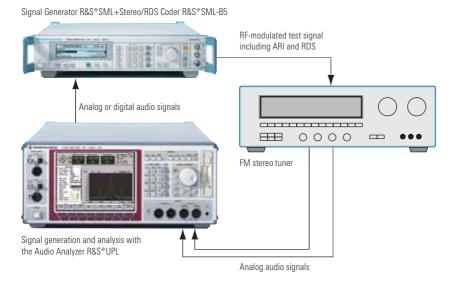
#### Combination with the Audio Analyzer R&S®UPL

The stereo/RDS coder can also work with external signals applied to its analog and digital modulation inputs. Combining the Signal Generator R&S®SML/R&S®SMV and the Audio Analyzer R&S®UPL (data sheet PD 0757.2238) creates a general-purpose test system for FM tuners.

The great advantage is the automatic synchronization of measurement results. Just as in other two-port audio measurements, the test signals are produced in the generator section of the Audio Analyzer R&S®UPL, routed through the modulator and the DUT, and measured in the analyzer section of the R&S®UPL. Since generation and analysis are optimally timed, measurement times are considerably shorter than with separate instruments.

#### Use in production

Combining the Signal Generator R&S®SML/ R&S®SMV and the Audio Analyzer R&S®UPL enables measurements to be automated. The Universal Sequence Control R&S®UPL-B10 allows complete test programs to be generated and run on the R&S®UPL, in which case the Signal Generator R&S®SML/ R&S®SMV with the R&S®SML-B5 option is remote-controlled via the IEC/IEEE bus or RS-232-C interface. In most production environments, the complete test set can be run under an external controller.



Audio signals are generated and measured in the Audio Analyzer R&S® UPL; automatic synchronization substantially reduces the measurement time

All functions of the Stereo/RDS Coder R&S®SML-B5 can of course be remote-controlled.

Use of the Audio Switcher R&S®UPZ is recommended for measurements on car radios or surround receivers with more than two audio outputs, as shown in the figure on the right. For more information about the Audio Switcher R&S®UPZ, see data sheet PD 0758.1170.

#### Interruption-free pilot tone

The R&S®SML-B5 option was designed especially for use in test systems. With other signal generators, the stereo pilot tone is briefly interrupted if the output data has to be recalculated (e.g. when the audio frequency changes). The connected tuner loses synchronization and has to switch to the stereo mode again with each frequency change, so overall measurement time may increase dramatically. This disadvantage does not occur with the R&S®SML-B5 since the audio signal is modulated onto the RF carrier independently of pilot tone generation, and consequently the pilot tone is not switched off.

#### Analog and digital audio inputs

The R&S®SML-B5 has separate analog inputs for left and right. In combination with the Audio Analyzer R&S®UPL, measurements are possible in the operating modes L, R, R = L, and R = -L. A digital audio input in S/P DIF format is available alternatively. The R&S®UPL can additionally generate different signals for left and right in this format. It is possible to set one channel to a fixed frequency while sweeping the second channel through a frequency band, for example.

#### Generation of ARI and RDS signals

The R&S®SML-B5 outputs stereo multiplex as well as ARI and RDS signals. It is possible to choose between traffic announcement identification and standardized area identification A to F. The RDS traffic program or RDS traffic

Analog or digital audio signals

FM stereo tuner

The Audio Switcher R&S® UPZ for automated measurements on more than two audio outputs

Analog audio signals

announcement can be switched on and off. Up to five different RDS sequences can be loaded. With a length of up to 64000 characters per sequence, future RDS applications (e.g. radio text) can also be tested.

Signal Generator R&S®SML+Stereo/RDS Coder R&S®SML-B5

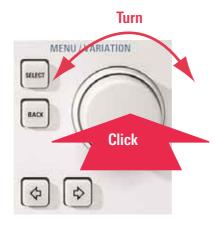
#### **EasyWheel**

 One-hand operation with EasyWheel

Signal generation and analysis with

the Audio Analyzer R&S®UPL

- All settings simple and self-explanatory
- High-contrast LCD
- User-assignable menu keys
- Online help including IEC/IEEE bus commands



Simply select the desired menu with the rotary knob and click the button to open the submenu

## Servicing: robust, compact, lightweight

Audio Switcher R&S®UP7

#### Mobility

The R&S®SMV03 is lightweight (<9.5 kg) and compact and therefore very easy to transport.

#### Flexible control

In service environments, an IEC/IEEE bus interface is not always available to control the generator. This is not a problem as the R&S®SMV03 can also be controlled via a standard RS-232-C interface.

#### Protection against overvoltage

The integrated overvoltage protection of the RF output protects the R&S®SMV03 against very high external voltages such as may occur during transceiver measurements.

## **Specifications**

Specifications are valid under the following conditions:

30 minutes warm-up time at ambient temperature, specified environmental conditions met, calibration cycle adhered to, and total calibration performed. Data designated "nominal" is design parameters and is not tested. Data designated "overrange" is not warranted.

#### Frequency

1 0	
R&S®SMV03 I/Q modulation off I/Q modulation on	9 kHz to 3.3 GHz 5 MHz to 3.3 GHz
Resolution	0.1 Hz
Setting time (for an offset of $<1\times10^{-7}$ or $<90$ Hz for $f\le76$ MHz) after IEC/IEEE bus delimiter I/Q modulation off I/Q modulation on	<10 ms <12 ms

#### Reference frequency

	Standard	Option R&S®SML-B1
Aging (after 30 days of operation)	$<1 \times 10^{-6}$ /year	$<1 \times 10^{-7}$ /year $<5 \times 10^{-10}$ /day
Temperature effect (0°C to 55°C)	$<1 \times 10^{-6}$	$<2 \times 10^{-8}$
Output for internal reference Frequency Output voltage, V rms, sinewave Source impedance	10 MHz >0.5 V into 50 Ω 50 Ω	Σ
Input for external reference Frequency Permissible frequency drift Input voltage, V rms, sinewave Input impedance	10 MHz $5 \times 10^{-6}$ 0.5 V to 2 V into 50 $\Omega$	50 Ω

#### Spectral purity

Spurious signals	
Harmonics <sup>1)</sup> (for f > 100 kHz)	<-30 dBc at levels ≤+8 dBm
Subharmonics	
f ≤ 1.1 GHz	-
f > 1.1 GHz	<-50 dBc
Nonharmonics	
(carrier offset >10 kHz)	70.10
f ≤ 1.1 GHz	<-70 dBc
f > 1.1 GHz to 2.2 GHz f > 2.2 GHz to 3.3 GHz	<-64 dBc <-58 dBc
1 7 EIE 011E to 010 011E	<-36 UBC
Broadband noise <sup>2)3)</sup> ( $f = 1$ GHz,	
carrier offset >2 MHz, 1 Hz bandwidth)	<-135 dBc, typ140 dBc
SSB phase noise ( $f = 1 \text{ GHz}$ ,	
20 kHz carrier offset, 1 Hz bandwidth)	<-122 dBc, typ128 dBc
Spurious FM, rms (f = 1 GHz)	
0.3 kHz to 3 kHz	<4 Hz, typ. 1 Hz
0.03 kHz to 20 kHz	<10 Hz, typ. 3 Hz
Spurious AM, rms	
0.03 kHz to 20 kHz	<0.02%

#### Level

Range	-140 dBm to +13 dBm <sup>2)4)</sup> (overrange +19 dBm)
Resolution	0.1 dB
Level accuracy <sup>2 3 </sup> (level >—120 dBm)	
100 kHz to ≤2 GHz	<0.5 dB
f > 2 GHz	<0.9 dB

Frequency response at 0 dBm <sup>2 3 </sup> 100 kHz to $\leq$ 2 GHz f > 2 GHz	<0.7 dB <1.0 dB
Characteristic impedance	50 Ω
SWR 100 kHz to 1.5 GHz f > 1.5 GHz	typ. 1.6 typ. 2.3
Setting time (IEC/IEEE bus), f > 100 kHz	<10 ms, typ. 5 ms
Interruption-free level setting <sup>5)</sup> (for f > 100 kHz) I/Q modulation off I/Q modulation on	20 dB, overrange 30 dB 15 dB, overrange 20 dB
Overvoltage protection	safeguards instrument against exter- nally applied RF power and DC voltage

(50  $\Omega$  source)

iviax, permissible Hr power	
f ≤ 2.2 GHz	50 W
f > 2.2 GHz	25 W
Max. permissible DC voltage	35 V

#### Modulation

#### Internal modulation generator

Frequency range Resolution	0.01 Hz to 1 MHz 0.01 Hz
Frequency accuracy	as for reference frequency + $2.4 \times 10^{-3}  \text{Hz}$
Frequency response (up to 500 kHz, level >100 mV)	<0.5 dB
THD (up to 100 kHz, level 4 V, $\rm R_L = 600~\Omega)$	<0.1%
$\begin{array}{c} \text{Open-circuit voltage V}_{p}  (\text{LF connector}) \\ \text{Resolution} \\ \text{Setting accuracy (at 1 kHz)} \end{array}$	1 mV to 4 V 1 mV 1 $^{\rm H}$ of V $^{\rm p}$ + 1 mV
Output impedance	approx. 10 $\Omega$
Frequency setting time (after reception of last IEC/IEEE bus character)	<10 ms

#### Simultaneous modulation

AM, FM/φM and pulse modulation or vector modulation, FM/φM and pulse modulation

### Amplitude modulation<sup>6)</sup>

Operating modes	internal, external AC/DC, internal/external two-tone
Modulation depth	0% to 100% settable modulation depth continuously decreasing between +7 dBm and +13 dBm <sup>7)</sup> while adhering to AM specifications; a status message is output when the modulation depth is too high
Resolution	0.1%
Setting accuracy at 1 kHz $(m < 80\%)^{8)}$	<4% of reading +1%
AM distortion at 1 kHz $ m = 30\% \\ m = 80\% $	<1% <2%
Modulation frequency range (<3 dB)	DC/10 Hz to 50 kHz

Incidental $\phi M$ at AM (30%), AF = 1 kHz	<0.2 rad	
Modulation input EXT Input impedance Input voltage $V_{\rm p}$ for set modulation depth	>100 kΩ 1 V	

#### Vector modulation

Vector modulation	
Additional level inaccuracy in case of vector modulation (ALC OFF), referenced to CW mode	<0.3 dB
Operating mode	external DC
I and Q modulation inputs Input impedance SWR (DC to 30 MHz) Input voltage for full-scale level	50 $\Omega$ <1.2 $\sqrt{l^2 + \Omega^2} = 0.5 \text{V}$ (1 V EMF with 50 $\Omega$ source)
Static error vector $^{9}$ ! Level $<+8$ dBm rms value $f < 2.6$ GHz $f > 2.6$ GHz to $f = 3$ GHz Peak value $f < 2.6$ GHz $f < 2.6$ GHz $f > 2.6$ GHz $f < 2.6$ GHz $f > 2.6$ GHz	<0.5% <0.7% <1% <1.4%
Modulation frequency response $f > 500$ MHz to $3$ GHz DC to $5$ MHz DC to $50$ MHz $f < 500$ MHz and $f > 3$ GHz <sup>10)</sup> DC to $5$ MHz DC to $5$ MHz DC to $5$ MHz	<0.4 dB <3 dB <0.4 dB <3 dB
Residual carrier at 0 V input voltage referenced to max. input voltage	<-45 dBc (at f=5 MHz to 3 GHz)
I/Q imbalance Carrier leakage Setting range Resolution I ≠ Q Setting range Resolution Quadrature offset Setting range Resolution	0% to 50% 0.5% -12% to +12% 0.1% -10° to +10° 0.1°
Adjacent-channel leakage ratio (ACLR) WCDMA 3GPP FDD (f = 2.14 GHz) Test model 1 (64 DPCHs) Offset 5 MHz Offset 10 MHz	nom. >60 dB, typ. 62 dB nom. >64 dB, typ. 66 dB

### Frequency modulation

Operating modes	internal, external AC/DC, internal/external two-tone
Frequency deviation  9 kHz to 76 MHz  >76 MHz to 151.3125 MHz  >151.3125 MHz to 302.625 MHz  >302.625 MHz to 605.25 MHz  >605.25 MHz to 1.2105 GHz  >1.2105 GHz to 1.818 GHz  >1.818 GHz to 2.655 GHz  >2.655 GHz to 3.300 GHz	0 Hz to 1 MHz 0 Hz to 125 kHz 0 Hz to 250 kHz 0 Hz to 500 kHz 0 Hz to 1 MHz 0 Hz to 2 MHz 0 Hz to 3 MHz 0 Hz to 4 MHz
Resolution	<1% of set deviation, minimum 10 Hz
Setting accuracy (at AF = 1 kHz)	<4% of reading + 20 Hz
FM distortion (at AF = 1 kHz and 50% of max. deviation)	<0.2%, typ. 0.1%

DC to 100 kHz 10 Hz to 500 kHz
<0.1%
>50 dB >70 dB >70 dB <0.2%, typ. 0.1%
typ. 0.1% of set deviation
>100 kΩ 1 V

### Phase modulation

Operating modes	internal, external AC/DC,
Operating modes	internal/external two-tone
Phase deviation <sup>11)</sup> 9 kHz to 76 MHz >76 MHz to 151.3125 MHz >151.3125 MHz to 302.625 MHz >302.625 MHz to 605.25 MHz >605.25 MHz to 1.2105 GHz >1.2105 GHz to 1.818 GHz >1.818 GHz to 2.655 GHz >2.655 GHz to 3.300 GHz	0 rad to 10 (2) rad 0 rad to 1.25 (0.25) rad 0 rad to 2.5 (0.5) rad 0 rad to 5 (1) rad 0 rad to 10 (2) rad 0 rad to 20 (4) rad 0 rad to 30 (6) rad 0 rad to 40 (8) rad
Resolution	<1%, min. 0.001 rad
Setting accuracy at $AF = 1 \text{ kHz}$	<4% of reading $+$ 0.02 rad
Phase distortion (at AF $= 1$ kHz and 50% of maximum deviation)	<0.2%, typ. 0.1%
Modulation frequency range (–3 dB) Standard Wide	DC to 100 kHz 10 Hz to 500 kHz
$\begin{array}{c} \text{Modulation inputs EXT} \\ \text{Input impedance} \\ \text{Input voltage V}_{\text{p}} \text{ for set deviation} \end{array}$	>100 kΩ
(nominal value) <sup>r</sup>	1 V

### Pulse modulation (with option R&S\*SML-B3)

Operating modes	internal, external
On/off ratio	>80 dB
Rise/fall time (10%/90%)	<20 ns, typ. 10 ns
Pulse repetition frequency	0 Hz to 2.5 MHz
Pulse delay	typ. 50 ns
Video crosstalk (V <sub>p</sub> )	<30 mV
Modulation input PULSE Input level Input impedance	TTL level (HCT) $10k\Omega \text{ or } 50\Omega \text{, selectable with internal link}$

## Pulse generator (with option R&S\*SML-B3)

0 ( 1	
Operating modes	automatic, externally triggered, external gate mode, single pulse, double pulse, delayed pulse (externally triggered)
Active trigger edge	positive or negative
Pulse period Resolution Accuracy	100 ns to 85 s 5 digits, min. 20 ns $<1 \times 10^{-4}$
Pulse width Resolution Accuracy	20 ns to 1 s 4 digits, min. 20 ns $<1 \times 10^{-4} + 3$ ns
Pulse delay Resolution Accuracy	20 ns to 1 s 4 digits, min. 20 ns $<1 \times 10^{-4} + 3$ ns
Double-pulse spacing Resolution Accuracy	20 ns to 1 s 4 digits, min. 20 ns $<1 \times 10^{-4} + 3$ ns
Trigger delay	typ. 50 ns
Jitter	<10 ns
PULSE/VIDEO output	TTL signal ( $R_L \ge 50 \Omega$ )

### Stereo/RDS coder (with option R&S\*SML-B5)

Stereo, MDS coder (With option News SMIL De)			
The specifications apply to RF frequencies in the range 66 MHz to 110 MHz.			
Stereo modes Internal with modulation generator External analog (via L and R inputs) or external digital (via S/P DIF input)	L, R, R = L, R = $-$ L L, R, R = L, R = $-$ L, R $\neq$ L internal generation of ARI/RDS signals, 5 user-selectable RDS data sets, simultaneous generation of MPX, ARI and RDS signals possible		
MPX frequency deviation Resolution	0 Hz to 80 kHz 10 Hz		
L, R signal AF frequency range AF frequency response (referenced to 500 Hz) AF = 20 Hz to 40 Hz AF = 40 Hz to 15 kHz	20 Hz to 15 kHz <0.3 dB <0.2 dB		
Stereo crosstalk attenuation (at AF = 1 kHz)	>50 dB		
Distortion (at 67.5 kHz MPX frequency deviation, AF = 1 kHz)	<0.1%, typ. 0.05%		
S/N ratio <sup>12)</sup> (stereo/RDS signal) ITU-R weighted (quasi-peak) ITU-R unweighted (rms) A-weighted (rms)	>60 dB, typ. 63 dB >70 dB, typ. 74 dB >70 dB, typ. 76 dB		
Preemphasis	off, 50 μs, 75 μs		
Pilot tone Frequency Deviation Resolution Phase (relative to 38 kHz phase) Resolution	19 kHz ±2 Hz 0 Hz to 10 kHz 10 Hz 0° to ±5° 0.1°		
ARI/RDS subcarrier frequency	57 kHz ±6 Hz		
ARI frequency deviation Resolution	0 Hz to 10 kHz 10 Hz		
RDS frequency deviation Resolution	0 Hz to 10 kHz 10 Hz		

ARI/RDS	functions (directly selectable by menu
ARI identification  ARI BK	or remote control) selection of traffic announcement identification (DK) or area identifica- tion (BK), OFF, DK, BK, DK + BK selection of standardized area
RDS traffic program RDS traffic announcement RDS data set Maximum data length	identification A to F traffic program off/on traffic announcement off/on selection of RDS data set 1 to 5 64 kbyte, can be loaded via IEC 60625 or RS-232-C interface
Analog modulation inputs L, R Input impedance Input voltage V <sub>p</sub> for selected deviation (nominal value)	$2 \times BNC$ 600 $\Omega$ or 100 $k\Omega$
Digital modulation input S/P DIF Input impedance Input voltage V <sub>pp</sub>	BNC 75 $\Omega$ 1 V (400 mV to 5 V)

Sweep	digital in discrete steps
RF sweep, AF sweep Operating modes Sweep range Step width (lin) Step width (log)	automatic, single-shot, manually or exter- nally triggered, linear or logarithmic user-selectable user-selectable 0.01% to 100%
Level sweep Operating modes Sweep range Step width (log)	automatic, single-shot, manually or externally triggered, logarithmic user-selectable user-selectable
Step time Resolution	10 ms to 1 s 0.1 ms
Trigger input Input level Input impedance	TTL (HCT) 10 kΩ (pull-up)

### Memory for device settings

100
-----

#### Remote control

System	IEC 60625 (IEEE 488) and RS-232-C
Command set	SCPI 1995.0
Connector	Amphenol, 24-pin and 9-pin
IEC/IEEE bus address	0 to 30
Interface functions	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP1, DC1, DT1, C0

#### General data

deliciai data	
Operating temperature range	0°C to 55°C; meets DIN EN 60068-2-1: 1995-03 and DIN EN 60068-2-2: 1994-08
Storage temperature range	-40°C to +70°C
Climatic resistance Damp heat	95% relative humidity at +25°C/ +40°C cyclically; meets IEC 60068
Mechanical resistance Vibration, sinusoidal  Vibration, random Shock	5 Hz to 150 Hz, max. 2 g at 55 Hz, max. 0.5 g between 55 Hz and 150 Hz, meets IEC 60068, IEC 61010 and MIL-T-28800D, class 5 10 Hz to 300 Hz, acceleration 1.2 g (rms) 40 g shock spectrum, meets MIL-STD-810D and MIL-T-28800D, class 3/5
Electromagnetic compatibility	meets EN55011 and EN61326-1 (EMC directive of EU)
Immunity to radiated interference	10 V/m
Power supply	100 V to 120 V (AC), 50 Hz to 400 Hz, 200 V to 240 V (AC), 50 Hz to 60 Hz, autoranging, max. 250 VA
Safety	meets DIN EN61010-1, IEC 1010-1, UL 3111-1, CSA 22.2 No. 1010-1
Dimensions (W $\times$ H $\times$ D)	427 mm × 88 mm × 450 mm
Weight	9.5 kg when fully equipped

- With option R&S $^{\circ}$ SML-B3 only for f > 20 MHz.
- With attenuator mode auto.
- Temperature range 20 °C to 30 °C.
- 4)  $-140 \text{ dBm to } 11 \text{ dBm at } f \le 5 \text{ MHz}, f > 3 \text{ GHz}.$
- 5) With attenuator mode fixed.
- 6) With attenuator mode auto,  $f \ge 100 \text{ kHz}$ .
- $^{7)}$  +5 dBm to +11 dBm at f  $\leq$  5 MHz, f > 3 GHz.
- $^{8)}$  With option R&S $^{\circ}$ SML-B3 only for f > 10 MHz.
- After 1 hour warm-up and recalibration within 4 hours of operation after temperature variations <5°C.</p>
- $^{10)}$  The modulation bandwidth continuously decreases upon approaching 5 MHz or. 3.3 GHz.
- <sup>11)</sup> Values in brackets apply to wide modulation bandwidth.
- 12) Generator without preemphasis, receiver with deemphasis.

## Ordering information

Designation	Туре	Order No.
Vector Signal Generator	R&S®SMV03	1147.7509.13
Accessories supplied	power cable, user manual	
Options Reference Oscillator OCXO Pulse Modulator Stereo/RDS Coder Rear Connectors for AF, RF	R&S®SML-B1 R&S®SML-B3 R&S®SML-B5 R&S®SML-B19	1090.5790.02 1090.5403.02 <sup>1)</sup> 1147.8805.02 1090.5303.02 <sup>1)</sup>
Recommended extras Service Kit 19" Rack Adapter Transport Bag Service Manual, Modules	R&S®SML-Z2 R&S®ZZA-211 R&S®ZZT-214	1090.5203.02 1096.3260.00 1109.5119.00 1090.3123.24

<sup>1)</sup> Factory-fitted only.



More information at www.rohde-schwarz.com (search term: SMV03)







#### www.rohde-schwarz.com