



ABN 43 064 478 842

➤ 231 osborne avenue clayton south, vic 3169  
PO box 1548, clayton south, vic 3169  
t 03 9265 7400 f 03 9558 0875  
freecall 1800 680 680  
[www.tmgtestequipment.com.au](http://www.tmgtestequipment.com.au)

## Test & Measurement

- sales
- rentals
- calibration
- repair
- disposal

## Complimentary Reference Material

This PDF has been made available as a complimentary service for you to assist in evaluating this model for your testing requirements.

TMG offers a wide range of test equipment solutions, from renting short to long term, buying refurbished and purchasing new. Financing options, such as Financial Rental, and Leasing are also available on application.

TMG will assist if you are unsure whether this model will suit your requirements.

Call TMG if you need to organise repair and/or calibrate your unit.

If you click on the "Click-to-Call" logo below, you can call us for FREE!

TMG Corporate Website

TMG Products Website



Click-to-Call  
TMG Now



### Disclaimer:

All trademarks appearing within this PDF are trademarks of their respective owners.

# Instruction Manual



**P6207**

**FET Probe**

**070-7909-02**

## **Warning**

The servicing instructions are for use by qualified personnel only. To avoid personal injury, do not perform any servicing unless you are qualified to do so. Refer to all safety summaries prior to performing service.

Copyright © Tektronix, Inc. All rights reserved.

Tektronix products are covered by U.S. and foreign patents, issued and pending. Information in this publication supercedes that in all previously published material. Specifications and price change privileges reserved.

Printed in the U.S.A.

Tektronix, Inc., P.O. Box 1000, Wilsonville, OR 97070–1000

TEKTRONIX, TEK, and TEKPROBE are registered trademarks of Tektronix, Inc.

## WARRANTY

Tektronix warrants that the products that it manufactures and sells will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one (1) year from the date of shipment. If a product proves defective during this warranty period, Tektronix, at its option, either will repair the defective product without charge for parts and labor, or will provide a replacement in exchange for the defective product.

In order to obtain service under this warranty, Customer must notify Tektronix of the defect before the expiration of the warranty period and make suitable arrangements for the performance of service. Customer shall be responsible for packaging and shipping the defective product to the service center designated by Tektronix, with shipping charges prepaid. Tektronix shall pay for the return of the product to Customer if the shipment is to a location within the country in which the Tektronix service center is located. Customer shall be responsible for paying all shipping charges, duties, taxes, and any other charges for products returned to any other locations.

This warranty shall not apply to any defect, failure or damage caused by improper use or improper or inadequate maintenance and care. Tektronix shall not be obligated to furnish service under this warranty a) to repair damage resulting from attempts by personnel other than Tektronix representatives to install, repair or service the product; b) to repair damage resulting from improper use or connection to incompatible equipment; c) to repair any damage or malfunction caused by the use of non-Tektronix supplies; or d) to service a product that has been modified or integrated with other products when the effect of such modification or integration increases the time or difficulty of servicing the product.

**THIS WARRANTY IS GIVEN BY TEKTRONIX IN LIEU OF ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED. TEKTRONIX AND ITS VENDORS DISCLAIM ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. TEKTRONIX' RESPONSIBILITY TO REPAIR OR REPLACE DEFECTIVE PRODUCTS IS THE SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDY PROVIDED TO THE CUSTOMER FOR BREACH OF THIS WARRANTY. TEKTRONIX AND ITS VENDORS WILL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES IRRESPECTIVE OF WHETHER TEKTRONIX OR THE VENDOR HAS ADVANCE NOTICE OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.**



# Contents

|                                      |             |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| <b>Welcome .....</b>                 | <b>vii</b>  |
| <b>Operator Safety Summary .....</b> | <b>vii</b>  |
| <b>Service Safety Summary .....</b>  | <b>viii</b> |
| <b>Electrostatic Discharge .....</b> | <b>ix</b>   |
| <b>Manual Organization .....</b>     | <b>x</b>    |
| <b>Conventions .....</b>             | <b>xi</b>   |
| <b>Contacting Tektronix .....</b>    | <b>xii</b>  |

---

## User Information

|  |            |
|--|------------|
| <b>General Information .....</b>       | <b>1-1</b> |
| <b>Product Description .....</b>       | <b>1-1</b> |
| Standard Accessories .....             | 1-2        |
| <b>Operating Information .....</b>     | <b>1-3</b> |
| <b>Probe Handling .....</b>            | <b>1-3</b> |
| <b>Probe Parts .....</b>               | <b>1-4</b> |
| Ground Connection .....                | 1-5        |
| Probe Head and Cable .....             | 1-6        |
| Marker rings .....                     | 1-6        |
| Compensation Box .....                 | 1-6        |
| SMA Cable .....                        | 1-7        |
| TEKPROBE Interface Cable .....         | 1-8        |
| Wrist Strap .....                      | 1-8        |
| <b>The TEKPROBE Interface .....</b>    | <b>1-8</b> |
| <b>Standard Accessories .....</b>      | <b>1-9</b> |
| Low-Inductance Contact (Spring Tip) .. | 1-9        |
| ESD Protective Tip .....               | 1-10       |
| SMA Shorting Caps .....                | 1-10       |

## Contents

|   |             |
|---|-------------|
| Four-Post Ground Sockets .....          | 1-11        |
| Edge-Tab Ground Sockets .....           | 1-12        |
| SureFoot Adapters .....                 | 1-12        |
| <b>Ground Lead Inductance .....</b>     | <b>1-13</b> |
| <b>Input Linear Dynamic Range .....</b> | <b>1-14</b> |
| <b>Performance Verification .....</b>   | <b>1-17</b> |
| When to Verify Performance .....        | 1-17        |
| Limits and Tolerances .....             | 1-18        |
| Test Equipment Required .....           | 1-18        |
| Stabilization .....                     | 1-18        |
| Equipment Operation .....               | 1-18        |
| Equipment Connections .....             | 1-19        |
| <b>Rise Time .....</b>                  | <b>1-24</b> |
| <b>Probe Output Offset Zero .....</b>   | <b>1-28</b> |
| <b>Offset Function .....</b>            | <b>1-30</b> |

---

## Service Information

|                                       |             |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| <b>Theory of Operation .....</b>      | <b>2-1</b>  |
| <b>Probe Head .....</b>               | <b>2-3</b>  |
| <b>Compensation Box .....</b>         | <b>2-3</b>  |
| TEKPROBE Interface .....              | 2-3         |
| Compensation Circuits .....           | 2-4         |
| <b>Maintenance .....</b>              | <b>2-5</b>  |
| <b>Preventive Maintenance .....</b>   | <b>2-5</b>  |
| <b>Static Sensitive Devices .....</b> | <b>2-6</b>  |
| <b>Cleaning .....</b>                 | <b>2-6</b>  |
| Exterior .....                        | 2-7         |
| Interior .....                        | 2-7         |
| <b>Visual Inspection .....</b>        | <b>2-7</b>  |
| <b>Troubleshooting .....</b>          | <b>2-7</b>  |
| Troubleshooting Techniques .....      | 2-8         |
| <b>Corrective Maintenance .....</b>   | <b>2-10</b> |
| Precautions .....                     | 2-11        |

|  |             |
|--|-------------|
| <b>Obtaining Replacement Parts .....</b> | <b>2-11</b> |
| Ordering Parts .....                     | 2-11        |
| <b>Replaceable Parts List .....</b>      | <b>2-13</b> |
| Parts Ordering Information .....         | 2-13        |
| Using The Replaceable Parts List .....   | 2-14        |

---

## Appendix

|                                |            |
|--------------------------------|------------|
| <b>Specifications .....</b>    | <b>A-1</b> |
| Performance Conditions .....   | A-1        |
| Performance Verification ..... | A-1        |

---

## Index

|                    |            |
|--------------------|------------|
| <b>Index .....</b> | <b>I-1</b> |
|--------------------|------------|



# List of Figures

|              |  |      |
|--------------|--|------|
| Figure 1-1:  | The P6207 FET Probe and Standard Accessories ..... | 1-5  |
| Figure 1-2:  | The TEKPROBE SMA Probe Interface Connectors .....  | 1-7  |
| Figure 1-3:  | Installing Four-Post Ground Sockets .....          | 1-11 |
| Figure 1-4:  | Installing Edge-Tab Ground Sockets .....           | 1-12 |
| Figure 1-5:  | Using the SureFoot Adapter .....                   | 1-13 |
| Figure 1-6:  | Ground Lead Equivalent Circuit ..                  | 1-13 |
| Figure 1-7:  | Calibration Step Generator Setup                   | 1-20 |
| Figure 1-8:  | Attenuation Test Initial Setup ....                | 1-21 |
| Figure 1-9:  | Attenuation Test Final Setup .....                 | 1-22 |
| Figure 1-10: | Rise Time Test Initial Setup .....                 | 1-25 |
| Figure 1-11: | Rise Time Final Test Setup .....                   | 1-26 |
| Figure 1-12: | Probe Offset Setup .....                           | 1-29 |
| Figure 2-1:  | Functional Block Diagram of the Probe .....        | 2-2  |
| Figure 2-2:  | Probe Interface Pin Assignments .                  | 2-4  |
| Figure 2-3:  | P6207 and Accessories .....                        | 2-16 |
| Figure A-1:  | Typical Input Impedance vs Frequency .....         | A-6  |
| Figure A-2:  | Voltage Derating vs Frequency ..                   | A-7  |
| Figure A-3:  | Typical Frequency Response ....                    | A-8  |

# List of Tables

|            |  |      |
|------------|--|------|
| Table 1-1: | Required Test Equipment . . . . .                      | 1-19 |
| Table 2-1: | Troubleshooting Guide . . . . .                        | 2-9  |
| Table A-1: | Warranted P6207 FET Probe<br>Characteristics . . . . . | A-2  |
| Table A-2: | Nominal and Typical<br>Characteristics . . . . .       | A-3  |
| Table A-3: | Environmental Characteristics . .                      | A-4  |
| Table A-4: | Physical Characteristics . . . . .                     | A-5  |

**Contents**

# Welcome

This manual describes the Tektronix P6207 FET Probe and provides operating, maintenance, and accessory information.

---

## Operator Safety Summary

Please exercise care when operating this or any equipment. In addition to applying common sense, please keep the following in mind as you use your P6207 FET Probe.

### Do Not Operate In Explosive Atmospheres

To avoid explosion, do not operate this product in an explosive atmosphere unless the product has been specifically certified for such operation.

### Safety Terms

The following terms and symbols appear in this manual:



*To prevent damage to your probe or other property, carefully read the caution statement.*

**WARNING**

*To prevent injury, carefully read and follow the instructions given in a warning statement.*



*To prevent damage caused by electrostatic discharge, wear a properly grounded wrist strap and observe static control precautions.*

---

## **Service Safety Summary**

The probe should be serviced only by qualified service personnel.

To prevent personal injury, disconnect the probe from any signal or power source before servicing.

Do not service electrical equipment unless another person capable of rendering first aid and resuscitation is present.

## Electrostatic Discharge



To prevent damage to the instrument and probe, follow the precautions described in this manual and the manuals accompanying your oscilloscope.

Circuitry in the probe is susceptible to damage from electrostatic discharge (ESD) and from overdrive signals and excessive DC voltages. Be sure to operate the probe only in a static-controlled environment. Be sure to discharge to ground any electrostatic charge that may be present on cables or circuit board runs before connecting the probe.

Wear a wrist grounding strap whenever you handle the probe, and in particular when handling either the probe tip or the output connector.

Install the ESD protective tip cover whenever the probe is not in use.

Whenever you handle static-sensitive devices, follow these general precautions:

- Minimize handling of components. Handle components only at a static-free workstation.
- Place component assemblies on a metal or other conductive surface. Do not slide the assembly across any surface.
- Wear a wrist strap when handling component assemblies to discharge static voltage from your body.
- Avoid materials that are capable of generating a static charge.

---

# Manual Organization

This manual is divided into two sections, user information and service information.

## Section 1: User Information

*General Information* describes the P6207 FET Probe. Read *General Information* for an overview of probe features and accessories.

*Operating Information* gives you the information you need to make effective use of your P6207 FET Probe. Read *Operating Information* to understand important operating concepts and the performance limitations of your probe. This section also explains how to use the standard accessories that are shipped with your probe.

*Performance Verification* provides procedures that you can follow to verify the performance of your probe.

## Section 2: Service Information

Service should be performed only by qualified service personnel.

*Theory of Operation* provides information and diagrams to help you understand how the probe works.

*Maintenance* describes preventive maintenance and troubleshooting, and gives you the information you need to replace probe modules or return the probe for repair or replacement. *Maintenance* also lists the replaceable parts of your probe as well as the available optional accessories.

If your probe fails or does not perform as specified, and you cannot resolve the problem using the information in *Maintenance*, please contact your Tektronix Service Center.

## Appendix

*Appendix A* lists selected electrical, environmental, and physical specifications of the P6207 FET Probe.

## Index

Use the index to locate specific information quickly.

---

## Conventions

This manual uses the following conventions when referring to Tektronix products:

- P6207 refers to the P6207 FET Probe
- Calibration generator refers to any of the Tektronix 067-1338-0X Calibration Step Generators.
- Sampling head refers to any of the following Tektronix sampling heads: SD-22, SD-24, SD-26.

The following convention applies to procedures:

- Literal equipment connectors or controls are indicated by bold face type as shown in the following example:

*Connect the cable to the oscilloscope output labelled **CALIBRATOR**.*

This convention does not apply to descriptive names of features and controls:

*Your oscilloscope may not have a calibrator output.*



---

## Contacting Tektronix

There are a number of ways that you can obtain product support, service support, or other information.

### Product Support

For application-oriented questions about a Tektronix measurement product, call toll free in North America:  
1-800-TEK-WIDE (1-800-835-9433 ext. 2400)  
6:00 a.m. – 5:00 p.m. Pacific time

Or contact us by e-mail:  
tm\_app\_supp@tek.com

For product support outside of North America, contact your local Tektronix distributor or sales office.

### Service Support

Contact your local Tektronix distributor or sales office.  
Or visit our web site for a listing of worldwide service locations.

<http://www.tek.com>

### For other information

In North America:  
1-800-TEK-WIDE (1-800-835-9433)  
An operator will direct your call.

### To write us

Tektronix, Inc.  
P.O. Box 1000  
Wilsonville, OR 97070-1000

# User Information



# General Information

*General Information* describes the P6207 FET Probe and lists standard probe accessories.

---

## Product Description

The Tektronix P6207 is an active 10X-attenuating probe that is compatible with Tektronix TDS 800 Series digitizing oscilloscopes.

With the P6207 you can make high-frequency measurements with less capacitive loading than a passive resistive-divider probe. The P6207 uses FETs to establish the high input impedance at high frequencies that is characteristic of active probes.

The P6207 has a typical bandwidth of 4 GHz and an input impedance of 100 k $\Omega$  in parallel with 400 fF (femtofarad). The P6207 output must terminate into 50  $\Omega$ .

The P6207 FET Probe features the TEKPROBE SMA Level 2 interface.

When used with a compatible oscilloscope, the host instrument provides power for the probe. The oscilloscope can also control the probe offset voltage through the interface.

The probe provides the oscilloscope with the probe model number, serial number, and attenuation factor. Oscilloscope display readouts are corrected for the probe attenuation factor and the oscilloscope input is automatically set to 50  $\Omega$  (if possible).

Check your oscilloscope manual to determine if your oscilloscope fully supports the TEKPROBE interface.

### Standard Accessories

The P6207 FET Probe is shipped with the following standard accessories:

- instruction manual
- ground contact springs (assorted)
- ESD protective tip cover
- edge-tab ground sockets (5)
- SureFoot probe tip adapters (2 each 0.50 mm/20 mil (red), 0.65 mm/25 mil (blue), and 50 mil (orange))
- four-post ground sockets (8)
- marker rings (4 colors, 2 each)
- wrist strap

*Operating Information* in this section describes how to attach and use the standard accessories.

Part numbers for the standard and optional accessories are listed under *Replaceable Parts* in Section 2.

# Operating Information

*Operating Information* discusses several important topics that will help you make the most effective use of your P6207 FET Probe. Using the standard accessories is also described.

## **NOTE**

*Save the probe shipping and packaging materials for reuse should shipping the probe become necessary.*

---

## **Probe Handling**

Despite its small size and simple appearance, the P6207 is a high-performance measurement instrument; it contains a number of complex components that could be damaged by rough handling. To maintain the accuracy and reliability of your probe, always handle it carefully.

For cleaning instructions, refer to *Maintenance* in Section 2.

## **WARNING**

*To reduce risk of electric shock and ESD damage, keep your fingers behind the finger guard on the probe body*



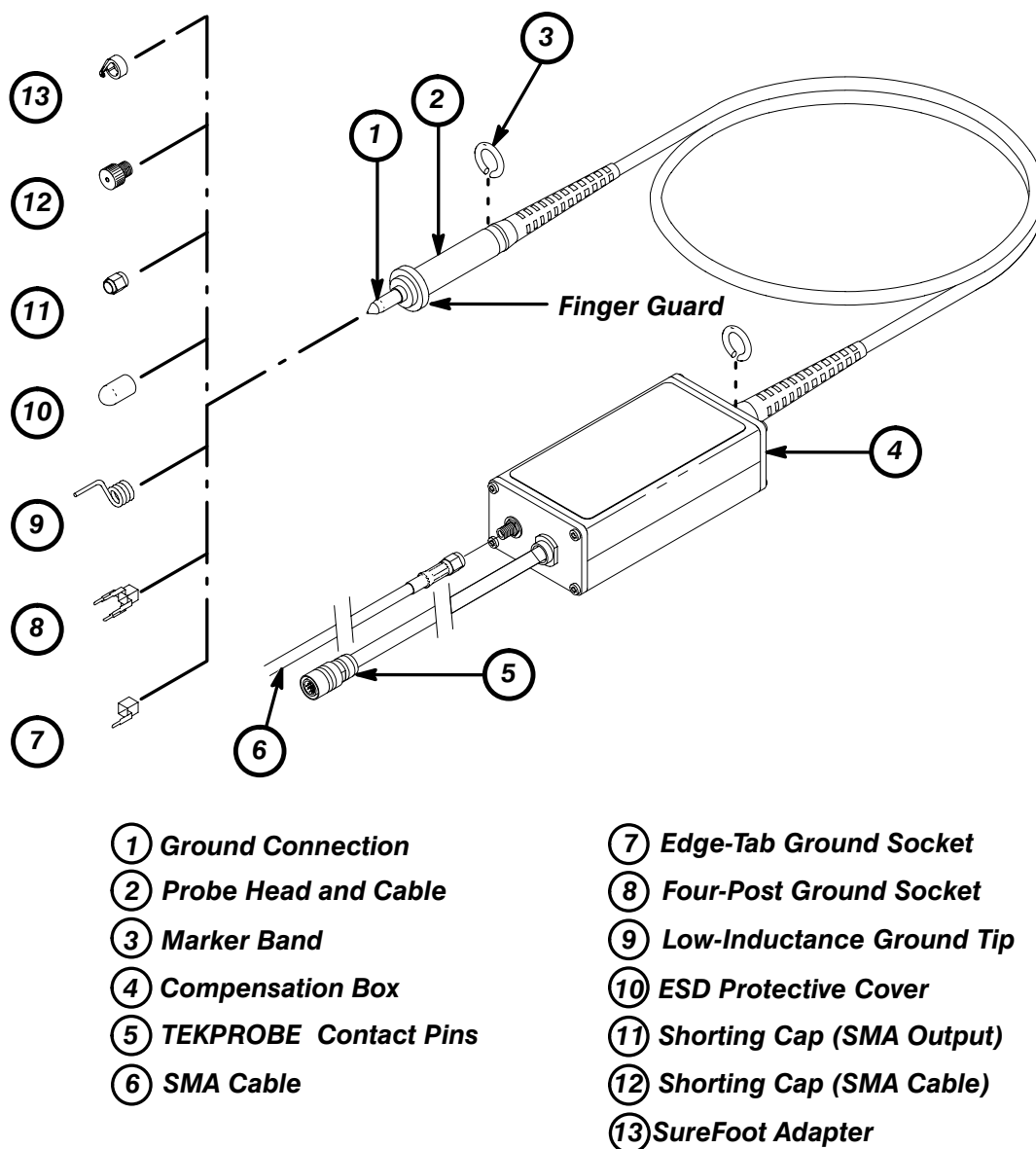
*The P6207 FET Probe contains static-sensitive devices. To prevent damage to the probe caused by electrostatic discharge, wear a properly grounded wrist strap when handling the probe. Refer to Electrostatic Discharge following the safety information at the front of this manual.*

---

## Probe Parts

Figure 1-1 identifies the primary parts of the P6207 FET Probe and shows how the standard accessories are used or attached. Detailed information about using the standard accessories is provided later in this section.

The main components of the probe are the probe head and cable, ground connection, the compensation box, and the TEKPROBE connector.



*Note: Wrist strap accessory is not shown.*

**Figure 1-1: The P6207 FET Probe and Standard Accessories**

## Ground Connection

The ground connection makes it possible to reference the signal at the probe tip to ground. The effects of ground lead (or ground connection) inductance are discussed later in this section.

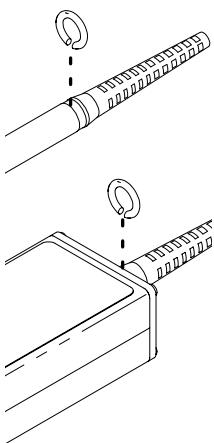


## Operating Information

The metal barrel of the probe head allows several alternative ground connections. Read “Standard Accessories” in this section for more information about making ground connections.

### Probe Head and Cable

The probe tip makes the physical connection to your test point. The probe head contains a hybrid circuit described in greater detail in *Theory of Operation* in Section 2. The cable gives you the flexibility to make measurements in a variety of applications.



### Marker rings

Use the marker rings to help you keep track of individual probes and signal sources when you have a complicated test setup. Use the marker rings whenever you want to identify a particular probe for any reason. To make probe identification easy, clip matching colored rings onto the probe cable and tip as shown.

### Compensation Box

The compensation box contains additional circuitry, including elements of the TEKPROBE interface. There are no internal adjustments for you to make.



*To prevent damage from static discharge, wear a properly grounded wrist strap when handling the probe.*

### SMA Cable

The SMA cable provides the signal path from the probe compensation box to the oscilloscope input. Connect the SMA cable between the probe compensation box and oscilloscope before connecting the probe interface cable.



*To prevent damage from static discharge, wear a properly grounded wrist strap when connecting the probe to the oscilloscope.*

The oscilloscope connectors for the TEKPROBE interface are shown in Figure 1-2. Connect the SMA cable to the channel input connector, and the TEK-PROBE interface connector to the **PROBE POWER** connector.

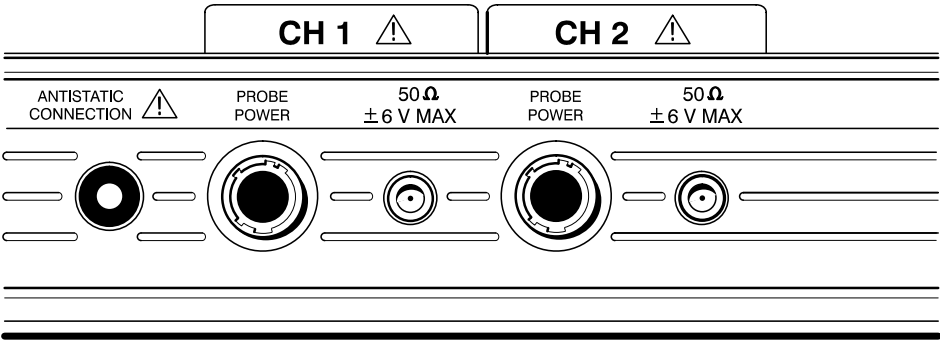
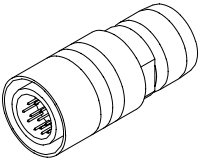


Figure 1-2: The TEKPROBE SMA Probe Interface Connectors

### TEKPROBE Interface Cable



The interface cable connector houses the TEKPROBE interface contact pins and provides a positive attachment to the host instrument. To install the probe, first connect the SMA cable between the compensation box and oscilloscope input. Next push the interface cable connector firmly into the oscilloscope input connector labelled **PROBE POWER**; the connector is keyed to latch into place in only one orientation.

To remove the interface cable, pull the spring-loaded connector housing back along the cable and then withdraw the assembly from the **PROBE POWER** connector.

### Wrist Strap

Wear the wrist strap, properly connected to ground, to prevent electrostatic discharge damage to static-sensitive devices, including the probe. Refer to *Electrostatic Discharge* in the front of this manual for more information about static control practices.

---

## The TEKPROBE Interface

The TEKPROBE interface provides a communication path between the probe and the host instrument. Contact pins provide connections for power, signal, offset, and data transfer.

The interface allows the oscilloscope to configure for the correct attenuation factor, input impedance and DC offset. The instrument can also access the probe serial number.

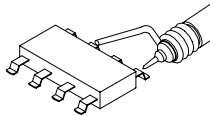
Your oscilloscope may not implement all features of the TEKPROBE interface. Check your oscilloscope manual for details.

---

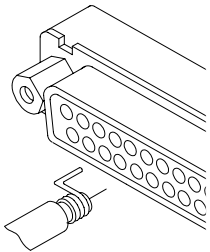
## Standard Accessories

The standard accessories provided with your probe will help you make effective use of the P6207 FET Probe. Use the descriptions below to determine which accessories are appropriate for your application. For a list of optional accessories, study the replaceable parts list found under *Maintenance* in Section 2.

### Low-Inductance Contact (Spring Tip)



Use the low-inductance spring-tip assembly to reduce ground lead inductance. The performance of a probe fitted with the low-inductance ground contact approaches that of no-lead probe fixtures and adapters.



With the spring-tip assembly installed, measurements up to the system bandwidth of your probe and oscilloscope can be made with negligible signal degradation caused by ground lead inductance effects. Refer to “Ground Lead Inductance” later in this section.

The low-inductance spring-tip is ideal for repetitive production use. Because the spring tip is slightly flexible, you can use it on a variety of components, including edge connectors, IC packages, multi-pin connectors and receptacles, and adjacent runs on circuit boards or other devices.

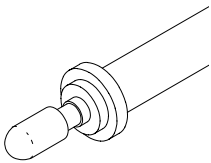
Because the spring-tip simply contacts the ground reference (instead of clipping onto it) you can move the probe around your device under test with ease. Use care to avoid accidentally shorting component leads to ground with the spring-tip contact.

To install the low-inductance spring-tip contact, push it onto the metal barrel of the probe tip while taking care not to pierce yourself with the sharp probe tip.

### NOTE

*The spring contact installs more easily if you rotate the spring counterclockwise (loosening the spring tension slightly) as you push it onto the probe barrel.*

### ESD Protective Tip



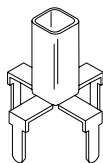
Use the ESD (electrostatic discharge) protective tip cover to reduce the chance of static discharge damage to your probe. Place the protective cover over the probe tip whenever you are not using the probe to make measurements.

### SMA Shorting Caps



Use the SMA shorting caps to reduce the chance of static discharge damage to your probe. Connect the hex-head shorting cap to the compensation box output connector when no cable is attached to the compensation box. Connect the knurled shorting cap to the SMA cable when the cable is attached and the probe is not connected to an instrument.

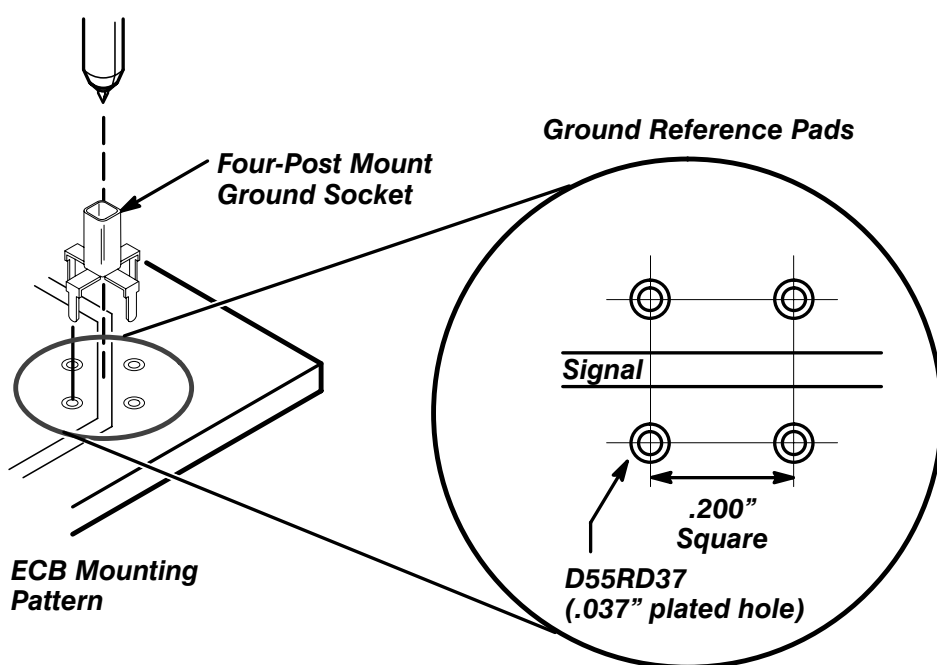
## Four-Post Ground Sockets



Use the four-post ground sockets to design-in minimum inductance test points on your next circuit board. With this type of socket installed, the practical frequency limit of your measurements is determined by system performance specifications instead of ground lead inductance effects.

These adapters are available in large quantities. For maximum performance and ease of testing, we strongly recommend that you incorporate four-post sockets into your next design.

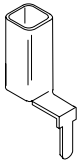
Install the sockets as shown in Figure 1-3.



**Figure 1-3: Installing Four-Post Ground Sockets**

To use your probe with these adapters, insert the probe tip firmly into the adapter until the probe tip contacts the signal test point.

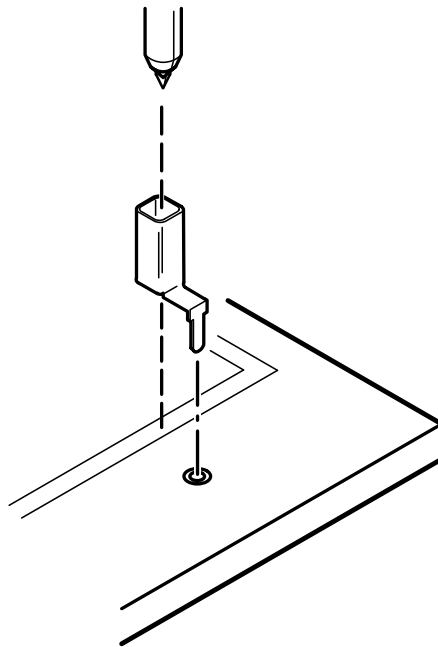
## Edge-Tab Ground Sockets



Edge-tab ground sockets can also be used to provide minimum inductance test points, with the same benefits as the four-post ground sockets.

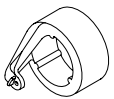
While the four-post sockets are more rigidly mounted, the edge-tab socket is easily mounted in a variety of configurations. An example of edge-tab ground socket mounting is shown in Figure 1-4.

These adapters are also available in large quantities.



**Figure 1-4: Installing Edge-Tab Ground Sockets**

## SureFoot Adapters



The SureFoot adapters allow probing of fine-pitch devices without shorting adjacent leads. To accomplish this, each adapter has a small tab that fits between the tightly spaced leads to prevent the probe tip from slipping. (see Figure 1-5).

There are adapters for three pitch sizes 0.50 mm/20 mil (red), 0.65 mm/25 mil (blue), and 50 mil (orange).

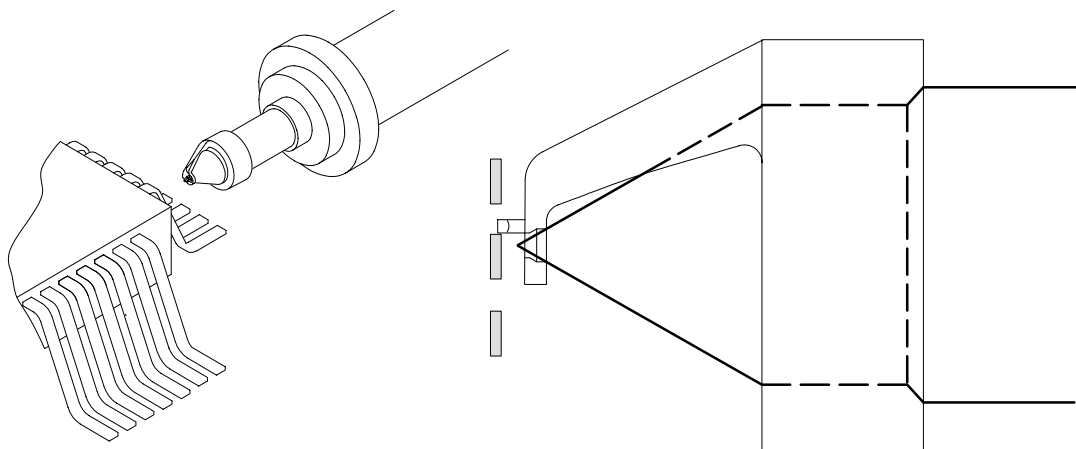


Figure 1-5: Using the SureFoot Adapter

## Ground Lead Inductance

When you touch your probe tip to a circuit element, you are introducing a new resistance, capacitance, and inductance into the circuit. Refer to Figure 1-6.

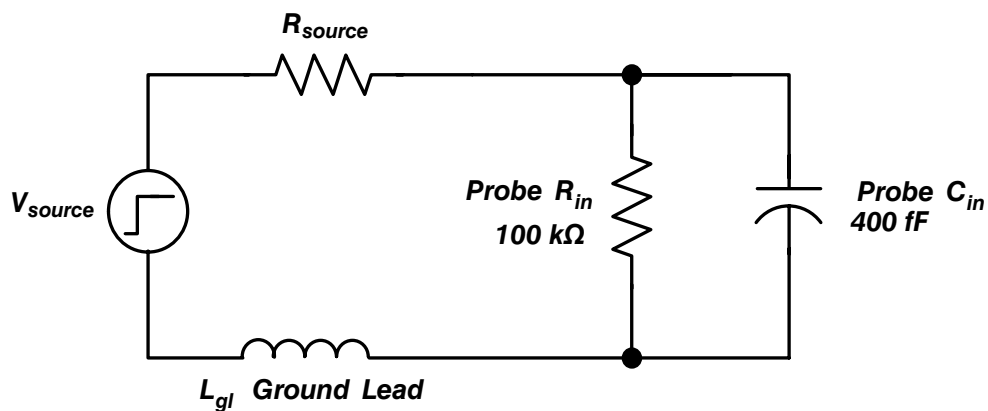


Figure 1-6: Ground Lead Equivalent Circuit



## Operating Information

For most circuits, the high input resistance of the probe has a negligible effect. The series inductances represented by the probe tip and ground lead, however, can result in a parasitic resonant circuit that may “ring” within the bandwidth of your oscilloscope.

Note that the ringing and rise time degradation could be masked if the frequency content of the signal degradation is beyond the bandwidth of the oscilloscope. You can determine if ground lead effects are likely to be a problem in your application.

If you know the self-inductance (L) and capacitance (C) of your probe and ground lead, you can calculate the approximate resonant frequency ( $f_0$ ) at which this parasitic circuit will resonate:

$$f_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi \sqrt{LC}}$$

The preceding equation shows that reducing the ground lead inductance will raise the resonant frequency. If your measurements are affected by ringing, your goal is to lower the inductance of your ground path until the resulting resonant frequency is well above the frequency at which you want to take measurements.

The low-inductance ground contacts (spring tip, four-post, and edge-tab) described in “Standard Accessories” can help you reduce the effects of ground lead inductance on your measurements.

---

## Input Linear Dynamic Range

The internal amplifier used by the P6207 FET Probe to drive a 50-Ω load has a limited range. To keep the input linearity error less than 3% you must limit the signal input voltage to  $\pm 4$  V (including any DC offset).

**NOTE**

*If you are using your probe with a TEKPROBE-compatible oscilloscope, use the DC offset adjustment to maintain the probe within its dynamic range. The nominal offset adjustment of the P6207 FET Probe is  $\pm 5$  VDC.*

Note that the probe can tolerate input voltages of  $\pm 40$  V without damage; however, the linearity error specification does not apply to input voltages exceeding  $\pm 4$  V (including any DC offset).



# Performance Verification

*Performance Verification* provides procedures that you can use to verify the performance of your P6207 FET Probe. The following performance characteristics are verified:

- system attenuation
- system rise time
- probe output offset zero and gain

Performance requirements that are not verified are characteristics that are either extremely stable and unlikely to change, or impractical to verify.

Please verify probe performance by using the procedures provided in the order presented. Each procedure assumes that the previous procedure has been completed.

## When to Verify Performance

You may use the performance verification procedures as an acceptance test for the probe. You should verify the performance of the probe after replacing any probe components or attempting any repair. With daily use, you should verify the performance of your probe at least once a year.

If your probe fails any of the performance checks, refer to *Troubleshooting* in Section 2 and take the recommended action.

### Limits and Tolerances

The limits and tolerances given in this procedure apply to the probe under test only. Errors arising from test equipment are not included unless specifically noted.

### Test Equipment Required

The items listed in Table 1-1 are necessary to complete the performance verification procedures. Any specified test equipment specifications are minimum requirements that must be met to ensure that verification results are valid. Substituted equipment must meet the minimum performance specifications.

### Stabilization

Before beginning the verification procedures, be certain to allow sufficient time for the test equipment and probe to stabilize. A warm-up period of 20 minutes is usually sufficient.

### Equipment Operation

If you are unsure of how to use the specified test equipment, refer to the user's manual for the instrument. If you have substituted test equipment for the instruments or equipment recommended, you may have to modify the steps to reflect your setup. Refer to the appropriate instrument or equipment manual for detailed operating information.

**Table 1-1: Required Test Equipment**

| <b>Item Description</b>    | <b>Performance Requirement</b>              | <b>Recommended Example</b>        |
|----------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| oscilloscope               |   | TDS 820                           |
| calibration step generator |   | Tektronix part number 067-1338-0X |
| probe tip adapter          | 4 mm probe tip-to-SMA ("T" or pickoff type) | Tektronix part number 013-0271-00 |
| adapter                    | SMA female-female                           | Tektronix part number 015-1012-00 |
| 50 $\Omega$ termination    | SMA male                                    | Tektronix part number 015-1022-00 |
| coaxial cable              | SMA male-male<br>length: 20 in.             | Tektronix part number 174-1427-00 |

## Equipment Connections

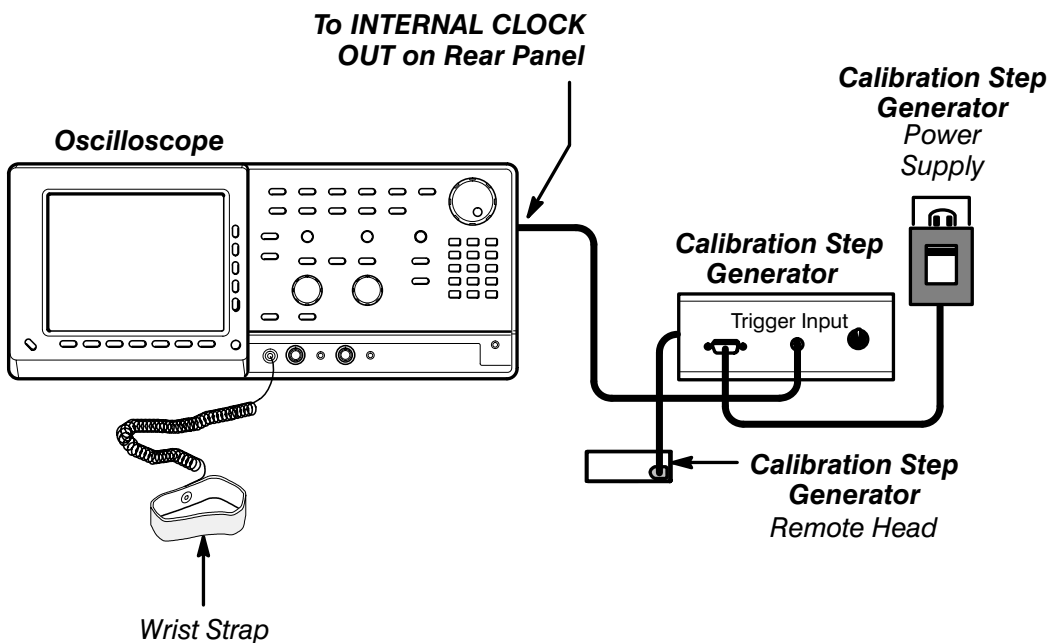


*To prevent electrostatic discharge damage to the oscilloscope input, wear a properly grounded wrist strap whenever you make an oscilloscope input connection.*

Before beginning the performance verification procedures, connect the calibration step generator as follows (refer to Figure 1-7 as necessary):

## Performance Verification

- ☐ **Step 1:** Connect the power supply provided with the calibration step generator to an appropriate power source.
- ☐ **Step 2:** Connect the power supply cable to the calibration step generator.
- ☐ **Step 3:** Using the male-male SMA cable, connect the calibration step generator **TRIGGER INPUT** to the oscilloscope **INTERNAL CLOCK OUT**.



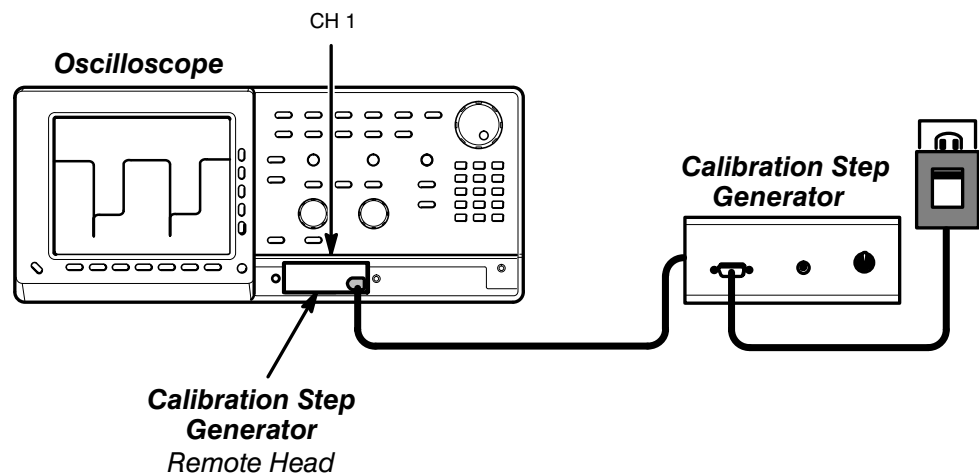
**Figure 1-7: Calibration Step Generator Setup**

- ☐ **Step 1:** From the oscilloscope setup menu, recall the factory setup.
- ☐ **Step 2:** Make or verify the following oscilloscope settings:

|                |                             |
|----------------|-----------------------------|
| volts/division | 50 mV                       |
| time/division  | 2 $\mu$ s                   |
| trigger source | internal clock<br>(200 kHz) |

acquisition mode . . . . . averaging  
 number of waveforms  
 to average . . . . . 16  
 cursor type . . . . . horizontal bars  
 display type . . . . . vectors

- ☐ **Step 3:** Connect the calibration step generator remote head to the channel 1 input of the oscilloscope. Refer to Figure 1-8.



**Figure 1-8: Attenuation Test Initial Setup**

- ☐ **Step 4:** If necessary, adjust the oscilloscope to obtain a display similar to that shown in Figure 1-8.



Use the cursor measurement capability of the oscilloscope to display the  $\Delta$  voltage of the waveform. Measure the low frequency portion of the waveform near the back corner (see figure at left). Record the  $\Delta$  voltage as  $V_1$ .

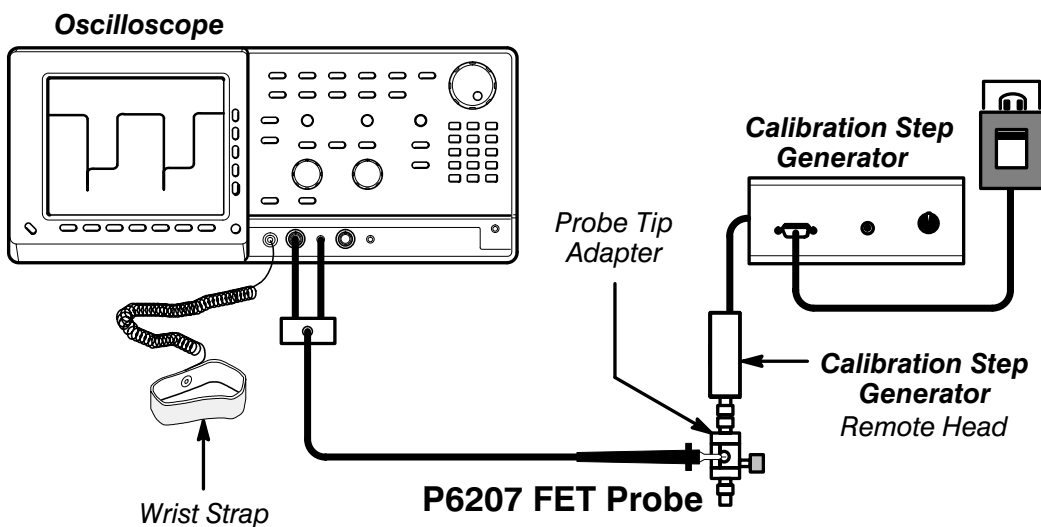
- ☐ **Step 5:** Disconnect the calibration generator remote head from the oscilloscope input.
- ☐ **Step 6:** Using the probe SMA cable, connect the probe to the oscilloscope channel 1 input.



## Performance Verification

Connect the probe interface cable to the oscilloscope **PROBE POWER** connector.

- ☐ **Step 7:** Attach the SMA 50  $\Omega$  termination to one side of the probe tip adapter. Connect the probe tip adapter to the calibration step generator remote head using the SMA female-female adapter. Insert the probe tip into the probe tip adapter and secure the probe tip by tightening the thumb screw on the probe tip adapter. Refer to Figure 1-9.



**Figure 1-9: Attenuation Test Final Setup**

- ☐ **Step 8:** Set the oscilloscope volts/division to 50 mV.
- ☐ **Step 9:** If necessary, adjust the oscilloscope to center the display.

Use the cursor measurement capability of the oscilloscope to display the  $\Delta$  voltage of the waveform. Measure the low frequency portion of the waveform near the back corner. Record the  $\Delta$  voltage as  $V_2$ .

- ☐ **Step 10:** Calculate the attenuation error using the following formula:

$$\% \text{ error} = \frac{V_2 - V_1}{V_1} \times 100$$

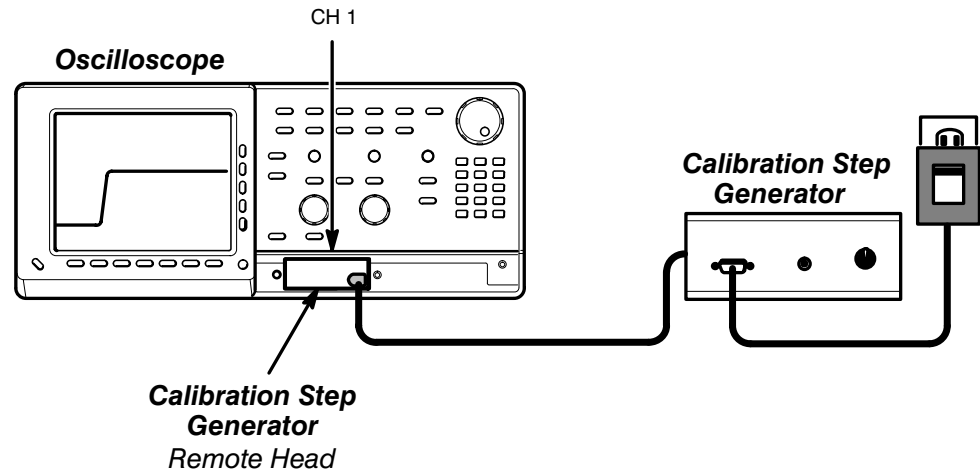
- ☐ **Step 11:** Check probe attenuation. The attenuation error must be  $\leq 2.0\%$ .

## Rise Time

This procedure verifies that the probe meets rise time specifications.

The probe rise time is calculated from rise times obtained by measuring the test system without the probe attached, and the test system plus the probe.

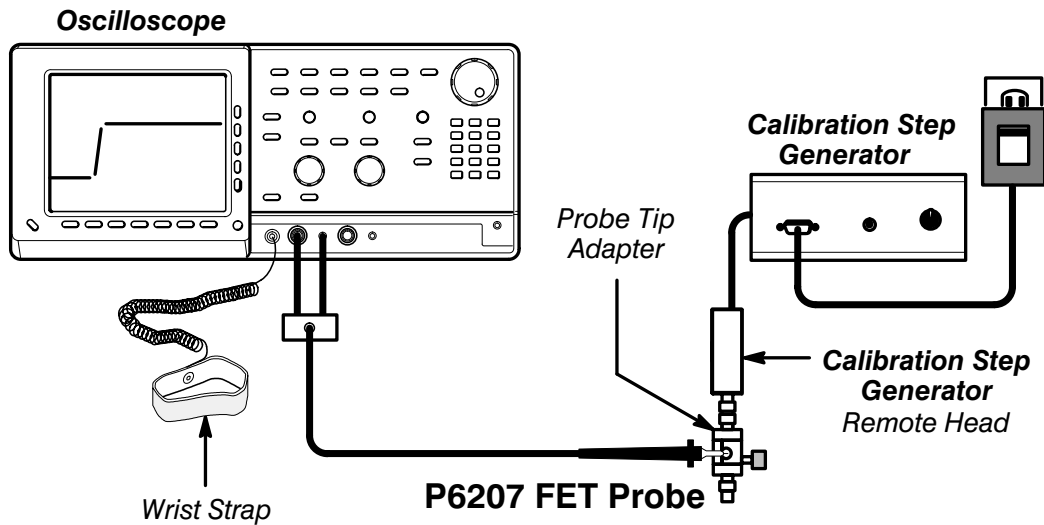
- ☐ **Step 1:** After completing the previous procedure, disconnect the calibration step generator remote head from the probe tip adapter. Disconnect the probe SMA cable and the probe interface cable from the oscilloscope.
- ☐ **Step 2:** Connect the calibration step generator remote head to the channel 1 input of the oscilloscope.
- ☐ **Step 3:** Set the oscilloscope volts/division to 50 mV.
- ☐ **Step 4:** Use the oscilloscope horizontal menu to set the Main Position to 0 seconds.
- ☐ **Step 5:** Using the oscilloscope General Purpose knob to keep the rising edge of the calibration signal on screen (by adjusting the horizontal Main Position), set the oscilloscope time/division to 100 ps. The display should resemble that shown in Figure 1-10.



**Figure 1-10: Rise Time Test Initial Setup**

- ☐ **Step 6:** Use the oscilloscope measurement capability to display rise time. Rise time is determined from the 10% and 90% amplitude points on the waveform. Record the rise time as  $t_s$ .
- ☐ **Step 7:** Disconnect the calibration generator remote head from the oscilloscope input.
- ☐ **Step 8:** Using the probe SMA cable, connect the probe to the oscilloscope channel 1 input.  
Connect the probe interface cable to the oscilloscope **PROBE POWER** connector.
- ☐ **Step 9:** Connect the probe tip adapter to the calibration step generator remote head using the SMA female-female adapter. Insert the probe tip into the probe tip adapter and secure the probe tip by tightening the thumb screw on the probe tip adapter. Refer to Figure 1-11.

## Performance Verification



**Figure 1-11: Rise Time Final Test Setup**

- ☐ **Step 10:** Set the oscilloscope volts/division to 50 mV.

### **NOTE**

*The added cable length of the probe will shift the rising edge of the pulse off screen. If you can locate the rising edge using the General Purpose knob to adjust the Main Position, skip to Step 14. Otherwise, follow the steps below to reacquire the leading edge of the pulse.*

- ☐ **Step 11:** Set the oscilloscope time/division to 2  $\mu$ s.
- ☐ **Step 12:** Use the oscilloscope horizontal menu to set the Main Position to 0 seconds.

- ☐ **Step 13:** Using the oscilloscope General Purpose knob to keep the rising edge of the calibration signal on screen (by adjusting the horizontal Main Position), set the oscilloscope time/division to 100 ps. The display should resemble that shown in Figure 1-10.
- ☐ **Step 14:** Use the oscilloscope measurement capability to display rise time. Rise time is determined from the 10% and 90% amplitude points on the waveform. Record the rise time as  $t_{s+p}$ .
- ☐ **Step 15:** Check that the measured system (oscilloscope plus probe) rise time,  $t_{s+p}$ , meets the system rise time specification. The rise time must be  $\leq 105$  ps.
- ☐ **Step 16:** Calculate the probe only rise time using the following formula:

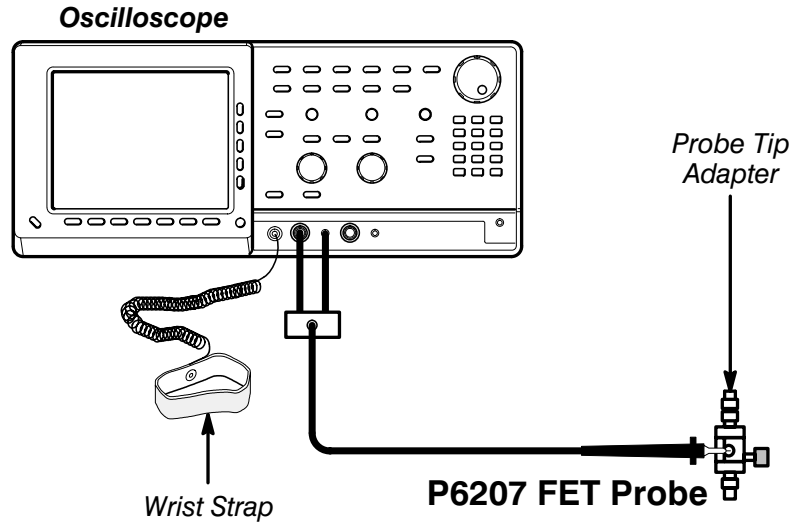
$$t_p = \sqrt{t_{(s+p)}^2 - t_s^2}$$

- ☐ **Step 17:** Check that the calculated rise time,  $t_p$ , meets the probe specification. The rise time must be  $\leq 100$  ps.

☐ **Step 1:** After completing the previous procedure, disconnect the probe tip adapter from the calibration step generator remote head.

☐ **Step 3:** Make or verify the following oscilloscope settings:

☐ **Step 4:** Use the oscilloscope vertical menu to set the vertical position and the vertical offset to 0 V.

**Figure 1-12: Probe Offset Setup**

- ☐ **Step 5:** Measure the displacement of the free-running trace from the center graticule. To obtain the probe offset zero, divide the displayed offset by 10.
- ☐ **Step 6:** Check that the probe output offset zero meets the probe specification:

The probe output offset zero voltage must be less than  $\pm 10$  mV.



## Offset Function

This procedure verifies that the probe offset responds to input from the oscilloscope. The offset range is nominally  $\pm 5$  V.

- ☐ **Step 1:** Set the oscilloscope volts/division to 2 V.
- ☐ **Step 2:** Use the oscilloscope vertical menu to set the vertical offset to 5 V.
- ☐ **Step 3:** Check that the free running trace has moved down 2.5 divisions from the center graticule.
- ☐ **Step 4:** Use the oscilloscope vertical menu to set the vertical offset to  $-5$  V.
- ☐ **Step 5:** Check that the free running trace has moved up 2.5 divisions from the center graticule.

# **Service Information**



# Theory of Operation

*Theory of Operation* gives a general idea of how the P6207 FET Probe operates. Because the critical assembly tolerances and modular construction of the P6207 do not support service to the component level, this information is provided for orientation purposes only.

The P6207 FET Probe can be divided into two functional blocks: the probe head and the compensation box.

Figure 2-1 shows a block diagram of the probe divided into the two functional areas.

## Theory of Operation

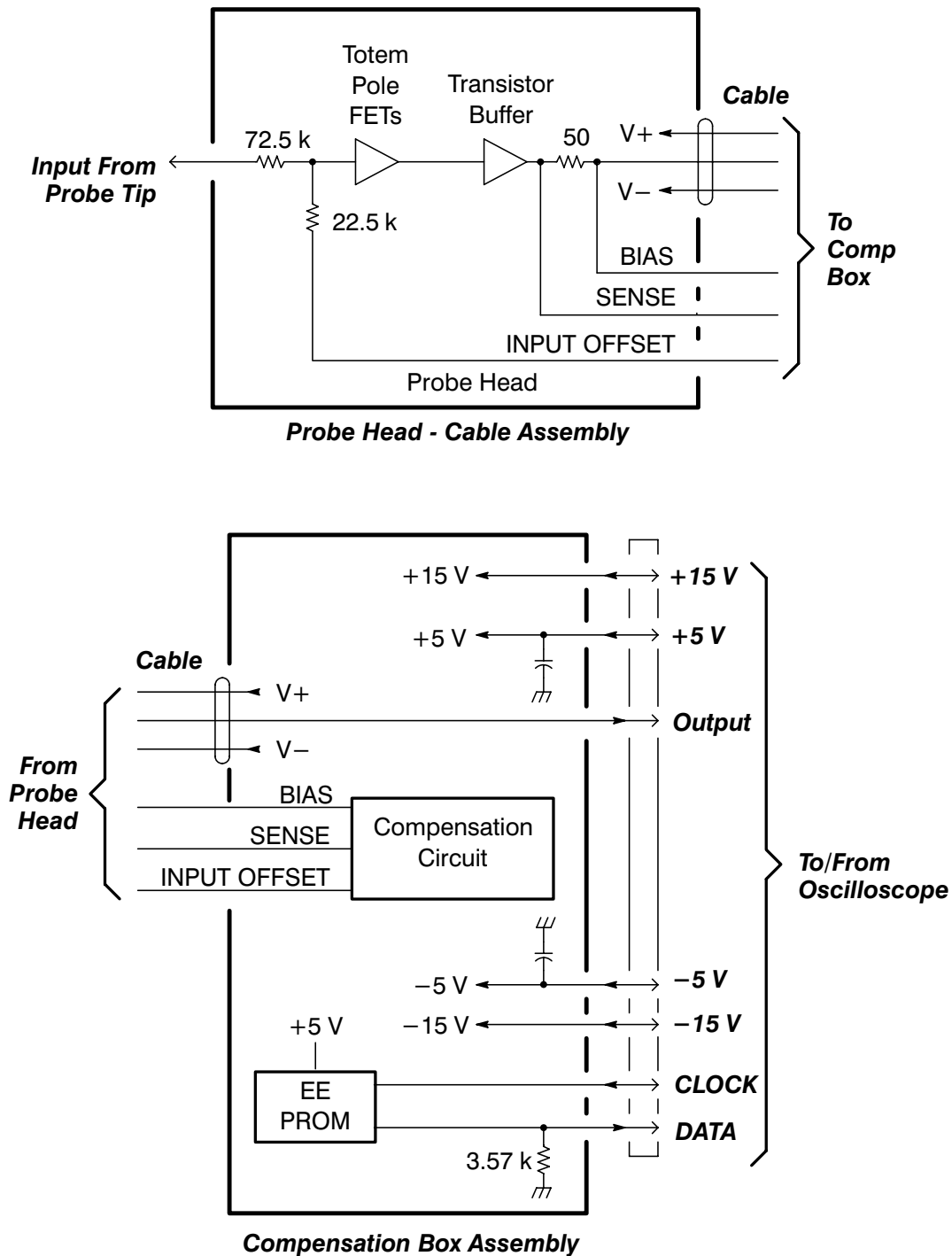


Figure 2-1: Functional Block Diagram of the Probe

---

## Probe Head

The probe head houses a hybrid assembly. The hybrid assembly contains a high-impedance attenuator and a high-frequency unity-gain FET buffer.

The active buffer circuit has a totem-pole FET input stage and a transistor buffer output stage.

---

## Compensation Box

The compensation box on a P6207 probe houses the TEKPROBE interface board and the probe compensation circuit board.

### TEKPROBE Interface

The P6207 features the TEKPROBE Level 2 interface. When used with a compatible oscilloscope the probe is powered by the host instrument and provides the oscilloscope with the probe model number, serial number, and attenuation factor. The oscilloscope input channel is automatically set to 50  $\Omega$  (if applicable) and the display readout is automatically corrected for the probe attenuation factor.

Figure 2-2 shows the pin assignments for the P6207 FET Probe data and power connector.

## Theory of Operation

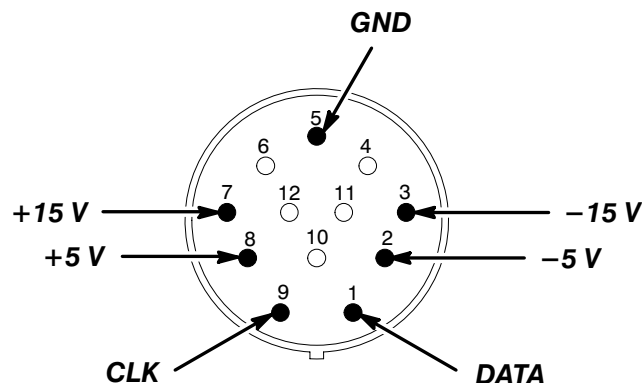


Figure 2-2: Probe Interface Pin Assignments

### Compensation Circuits

Probe compensation is accomplished in three functional areas: voltage regulation, feedforward correction, and DC offset drive.

**Voltage Regulation** — Voltage regulators control the precision low voltage supplies required by the probe head hybrid circuit.

**Feedforward Correction** — Feedforward correction ensures the low-frequency accuracy of the probe and sets the input offset voltage for the probe head hybrid circuit.

**Offset Drive** — The offset drive circuit controls the offset voltage seen by the feedforward correction circuit, translating the oscilloscope offset voltage into a voltage appropriate for the probe head hybrid circuit.

# Maintenance

*Maintenance* provides information about the following maintenance topics:

- preventive maintenance
- troubleshooting
- corrective maintenance

---

## Preventive Maintenance

### **WARNING**

*To prevent electric shock, disconnect the probe from both signal source and oscilloscope or power supply before performing preventive maintenance.*

Preventive maintenance consists of cleaning and visual inspection. Performed on a regular basis, preventive maintenance will improve reliability and can prevent probe failure.

The severity of the environment in which you use your probe should determine the frequency of maintenance. A convenient time to perform preventive maintenance is just before performing a performance verification procedure.



## Static Sensitive Devices



*The P6207 FET Probe contains devices that are susceptible to damage from static discharge.*

To prevent damage to static-sensitive devices, observe the following precautions whenever the covers are off the compensation box or you handle component assemblies:

- Minimize handling of components. Handle components only at a static-free workstation.
- Place component assemblies on a metal or other conductive surface. Do not slide the assembly across any surface.
- Wear a wrist strap when handling component assemblies to discharge static voltage from your body.
- Avoid materials that are capable of generating a static charge.

---

## Cleaning



*To prevent damage to probe materials, avoid using chemicals that contain benzine, benzene, toluene, xylene, acetone, or similar solvents.*

## Exterior

Remove accumulated loose dust from the probe exterior using a soft cloth or small brush. Remaining dirt may be removed with a soft cloth dampened with a mild detergent and water solution. Do not immerse the probe or use abrasive cleaners.

## Interior

With normal use, the interior of the probe compensation box will not require cleaning.

---

## Visual Inspection

The best indicator of probe condition is the performance of the probe. In addition to performing the performance verification procedures, occasionally inspect the probe tip, body, cable, compensation box, and connectors for bent, broken or damaged parts.

To ensure optimum performance of your probe, replace any damaged assembly as soon as practical.

---

## Troubleshooting

If your probe fails to operate or meet a performance requirement, use the following information to determine the appropriate corrective action.

Table 2-1 lists a number of possible probe problems, their probable cause, and recommended actions.

Procedures for replacing failed or defective parts are provided after Table 2-1.

### Troubleshooting Techniques

To simplify troubleshooting, follow the steps listed below. The steps help you eliminate some other trouble areas before identifying the probe as defective.

- ☐ **Step 1:** Check probe operation. Review the operating information contained in Section 1 of this manual, including specifications and performance limitations. Be certain that you are using the probe appropriately.
- ☐ **Step 2:** Check associated equipment. Associated equipment at either the input or output end of the probe may be defective. Verify the expected signal using an alternative method. Verify that the vertical amplifier section of your oscilloscope is operating and correctly adjusted.
- ☐ **Step 3:** Check calibration. Measurement errors will result if either the oscilloscope or probe are out of calibration.
- ☐ **Step 4:** Make visual checks. Many problems can be located visually. Check all equipment for broken wires, damaged connectors, or damaged circuit boards and components. When heat-damaged components are discovered, be certain to isolate and repair the cause of the overheating to prevent recurrence of the problem.
- ☐ **Step 5:** Refer to the troubleshooting guide, Table 2-1.
- ☐ **Step 6:** Contact your local Tektronix field office or representative.

**Table 2-1: Troubleshooting Guide**

| <b>Fault Indication</b>                       | <b>Probable Cause</b>   | <b>Corrective Action</b>  |
|---|---|---|
| Wrong attenuation factor                      | 1. Defective probe assembly                                   | 1. Replace probe  |
|   | 2. Input signal amplitude exceeds probe dynamic range         | 2. Reduce signal amplitude to within specification limits   |
| Rise time or aberrations exceed specification | 1. Defective probe head assembly                              | 1. Replace probe  |
|   | 2. Excessive ground lead inductance                           | 2. Reduce ground lead inductance (refer to “Ground Lead Inductance” in <i>Operating information</i> ) |
| Probe output exceeds offset specification     | 1. Defective power supply                                     | 1. Check oscilloscope vertical amplifier fuses  |
|   | 2. Broken or unsoldered wire or component in compensation box | 2. Replace probe  |
|   | 3. Hybrid assembly damaged by static discharge                | 3. Replace probe  |

**Table 2-1: Troubleshooting Guide (Cont.)**

| <b>Fault Indication</b>                          | <b>Probable Cause</b>   | <b>Corrective Action</b>   |
|--|---|--|
| Signal intermittent or absent                    | 1. Broken or unsoldered wire or component in compensation box | 1. Replace probe   |
|  | 2. Defective probe head assembly                              | 2. Replace probe   |
|  | 3. Signal path shorted to ground                              | 3. Replace probe   |
| Oscilloscope does not respond to installed probe | 1. EEPROM damaged   | 1. Replace probe   |
|  | 2. Oscilloscope does not support TEKPROBE interface           | 2. Check oscilloscope manual to determine which features are supported |

## Corrective Maintenance

Corrective maintenance consists of replacing defective parts or assemblies. To ensure satisfactory operation and performance of your P6207 probe, no internal parts or assemblies are field replaceable, except for the TEKPROBE interface contact pins. For information about replaceable accessories, refer to *Replaceable Parts*.

## Precautions

### **WARNING**

*To prevent electric shock, disconnect the probe from both signal source and oscilloscope or power supply before performing corrective maintenance.*

To maintain probe performance, do not attempt to replace the individual components contained on or in the replaceable assemblies.

---

## Obtaining Replacement Parts

The components and assemblies used in your P6207 probe are manufactured, selected, or specified by Tektronix to meet specific performance requirements. Order all replacement parts from your local Tektronix field office or representative.

### Ordering Parts

When ordering replacement parts for your probe be certain to specify all of the following information:

- probe type, including option or modification number
- probe serial number
- description of the part (and circuit number if known)
- Tektronix part number



# Replaceable Parts List

This section contains a list of the parts that are replaceable for the P6207 FET Probe. Use this list to identify and order replacement parts.

---

## Parts Ordering Information

Replacement parts are available from or through your local Tektronix, Inc. service center or representative.

Changes to Tektronix probes are sometimes made to accommodate improved components as they become available and to give you the benefit of the latest circuit improvements. Therefore, when ordering parts, it is important to include the following information in your order:

- Part number
- Probe type or model number
- Probe serial number
- Probe modification number, if applicable

If a part you order has been replaced with a different or improved part, your local Tektronix service center or representative will contact you concerning any change in the part number.

Change information, if any, is located at the rear of this manual.



# Using The Replaceable Parts List

The tabular information in the replaceable parts list is arranged for quick retrieval. Understanding the structure and features of the list will help you find the all the information you need for ordering replacement parts.

## Item Names

In the replaceable parts list, an Item Name is separated from the description by a colon (:). Because of space limitations, an Item Name may sometimes appear as incomplete. For further Item Name identification, U.S. Federal Cataloging Handbook H6-1 can be used where possible.

## Abbreviations

Abbreviations conform to American National Standards Institute (ANSI) standard Y1.1

**CROSS INDEX – MFR. CODE NUMBER TO MANUFACTURER**

| <b>Mfr.<br/>Code</b> | <b>Manufacturer</b>       | <b>Address</b>                       | <b>City, State, Zip Code</b> |
|----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| TK1163               | POLYCAST INC              | 9898 SW TIGARD ST                    | TIGARD OR 97223              |
| TK1326               | NORTHWEST FOURSLIDE INC   | 18224 SW 100TH CT                    | TUALATIN OR 97062            |
| TK2469               | UNITREK CORPORATION       | 3000 LEWIS & CLARK WAY<br>SUITE #2   | VANCOUVER WA 98601           |
| 8X345                | NORTHWEST SPRING & MFG CO | 5858 WILLOW LANE                     | LAKE OSWEGO OR 97034–5343    |
| 80009                | TEKTRONIX INC             | 14150 SW KARL BRAUN DR<br>PO BOX 500 | BEAVERTON OR 97077–0001      |

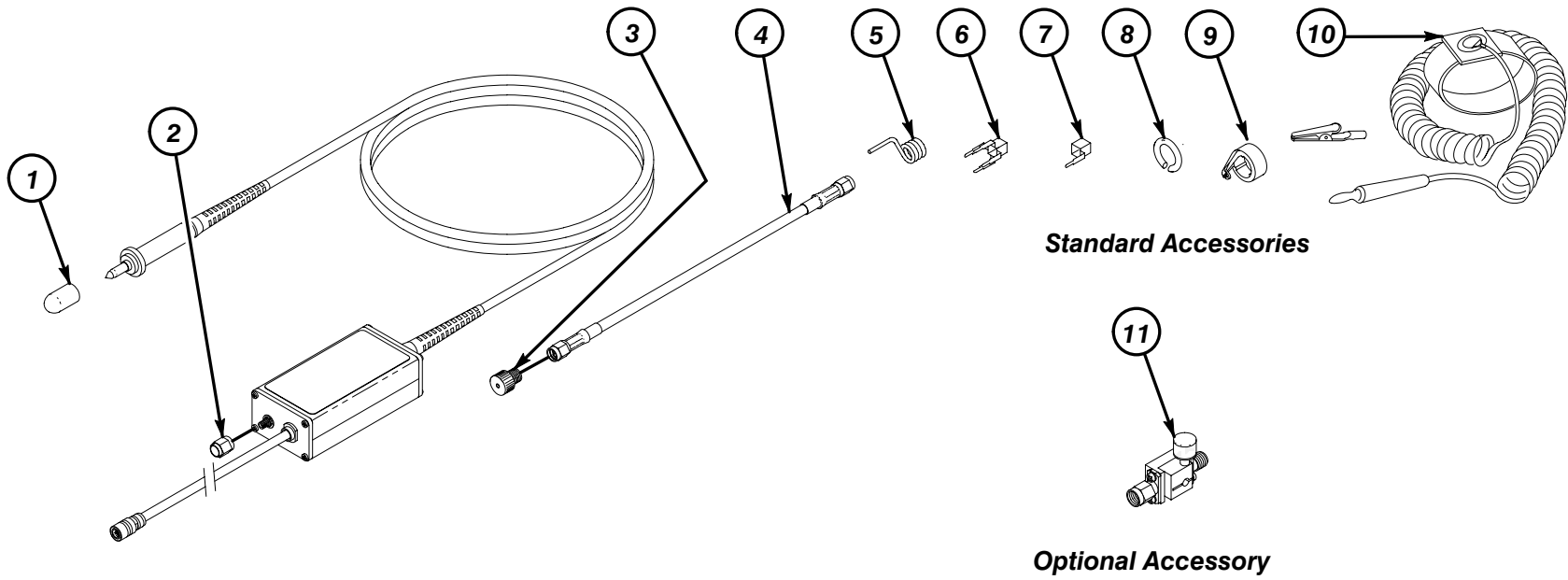


Figure 2-3: P6207 and Accessories

| Fig. &<br>Index<br>No. | Tektronix<br>Part No. | Serial No.<br>Effective Dscont | Qty | 12345 Name & Description  | Mfr.<br>Code | Mfr. Part No. |
|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|-----|---|--------------|---------------|
| 2-3-                   |                       |                                | 1   | P6207, PROBE, ACTIVE: 4 GHZ, 0.3PF, 10X, SMA                                |              |               |
| -1                     | 200-3961-00           |                                | 1   | COVER, PROBE TIP: ESD PROTECTIVE  | TK1163       | ORDER BY DESC |
|                        |                       |                                |     | <b>STANDARD ACCESSORIES</b>   |              |               |
| -2                     | 015-1020-00           |                                | 1   | TERM, COAXIAL: SHORT CIRCUIT, SMA   | 80009        | 015102000     |
| -3                     | 015-1021-00           |                                | 1   | TERM, COAXIAL: SHORT CIRCUIT, SMA   | 80009        | 015102100     |
| -4                     | 174-1120-00           |                                | 1   | CABLE ASSY, RF: 50 OHM COAX, 8.5 L  | TK2469       | ORDER BY DESC |
| -5                     | 131-5482-00           |                                | 1   | CONTACT, ELEC: TIP GROUND, PKG OF 2 EA OF 5 LENGTHS                         | 8X345        | 131-5482-00   |
| -6                     | 131-5308-00           |                                | 8   | CONTACT, ELEC: 4 LEGS   | TK1326       | ORDER BY DESC |
| -7                     | 131-5309-00           |                                | 5   | CONTACT, ELEC: 1 LEG  | TK1326       | ORDER BY DESC |
| -8                     | -----                 |                                | 2   | BAND, MARKER: 0.371 DIA, BLACK, PLASTIC                                     |              |               |
|                        | -----                 |                                | 2   | BAND, MARKER: 0.371 DIA, ORANGE, PLASTIC                                    |              |               |
|                        | -----                 |                                | 2   | BAND, MARKER: 0.371 DIA, RED, PLASTIC                                       |              |               |
|                        | -----                 |                                | 2   | BAND, MARKER: 0.371 DIA, SILVER GRAY, PLASTIC<br>(SEE OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES) |              |               |
| -9                     | -----                 |                                | 2   | ADAPTER, SMD, ORANGE, 50 MIL  |              |               |
|                        | -----                 |                                | 2   | ADAPTER, SMD, BLUE, 0.65 mm/25 mil  |              |               |
|                        | -----                 |                                | 2   | ADAPTER, SMD, RED, 0.50 mm/20 mil<br>(SEE OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES)             |              |               |
| -10                    | 006-3415-04           |                                | 1   | STRAP, WRIST: 3M TYPE ADJ. 6FT. COILED CORD                                 | 80009        | 006790900     |
|                        | 070-7909-02           |                                | 1   | MANUAL, TECH: INSTR, P6207  | 80009        | 070790902     |

| Fig. &<br>Index<br>No. | Tektronix<br>Part No. | Serial No. |        | Qty | 12345 | Name & Description                 | Mfr.<br>Code | Mfr. Part No. |
|------------------------|-----------------------|------------|--------|-----|-------|------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|
|                        |                       | Effective  | Dscont |     |       |                                    |              |               |
| OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES   |                       |            |        |     |       |                                    |              |               |
| -9                     | 342-1039-10           |            |        | 12  |       | ADAPTER, SMD, ORANGE, 50 MIL       | 80009        | 342103910     |
|                        | 342-1038-10           |            |        | 12  |       | ADAPTER, SMD, BLUE, 0.65 mm/25 mil | 80009        | 342103810     |
|                        | 342-1037-10           |            |        | 12  |       | ADAPTER, SMD, RED, 0.50 mm/20 mil  | 80009        | 342103710     |
| -11                    | 013-0271-00           |            |        | 1   |       | ADAPTER,T TIP:SMA TO SD14          | 80009        | 013027100     |
|                        | 016-0633-00           |            |        | 1   |       | MARKER SET,CA:2 EA VARIOUS COLORS  | 80009        | 016063300     |

# Appendix



# Specifications

This section lists the electrical, environmental, and physical characteristics of the P6207 FET Probe. Following the specification tables are a series of graphs that characterize impedance by frequency, maximum input voltage by frequency, and typical bandwidth.

---

## Performance Conditions

The electrical performance specifications listed in tables A-1 and A-2 apply to a calibrated probe used with a calibrated oscilloscope system, each operating within the environmental limitations listed in Table A-3.

---

## Performance Verification

Specifications are separated into two categories, warranted specifications, and nominal or typical characteristics.

Warranted characteristics, Table A-1, are guaranteed performance specifications. This manual provides performance verification procedures for these specifications.

Nominal and typical characteristics, Table A-2, are not guaranteed and are provided to characterize the configuration, performance or operation of typical systems.

In any table, supplemental information consists of explanatory notes, setup descriptions, or performance characteristics for which no absolute limits are specified, or that are impractical to verify.



## Specifications

Other specifications do not have verification procedures because the characteristics are stable and unlikely to change, or the equipment required to verify them is extremely expensive or not readily available.

Physical and environmental specifications are not verified in this manual.

Specifications are subject to change without notice.

**Table A-1: Warranted P6207 FET Probe Characteristics**

| <b>Characteristic</b>              | <b>Specification</b> | <b>Supplemental Information</b>              |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| <b>Attenuation</b>                 | $10X \pm 2\%$ at DC  | 2.0 VDC input<br>50 $\Omega \pm 0.5\%$ load. |
| <b>Output Offset (output zero)</b> | $\pm 10$ mV          | 20 to 30° C                                  |
| <b>Rise Time (probe only)</b>      | $\leq 100$ ps        | 10% to 90% amplitude                         |

Table A-2: Nominal and Typical Characteristics

| Characteristic           | Description                          | Supplemental Information   |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Aberrations              |                                      | (typical)  |
| first 300 ps             | +15%, –10%                           | System (probe plus oscilloscope) aberrations using Tektronix TDS 820 Digitizing Oscilloscope     |
| after 300 ps             | ±5%                                  |  |
| Bandwidth                | > 4 GHz                              | (typical)<br>Refer to Figure A-3 for typical frequency response                                  |
| DC Thermal Drift         | ≤ 150 $\mu\text{V}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ | (typical)<br>Probe output voltage  |
| Delay Time               | 4.25 ns ± 200 ps                     | (typical)<br>Probe tip to output connector<br>50% points of a 250 mV <sub>p-p</sub> input signal |
| Dynamic Range            | –4 V to +4 V                         | (typical)  |
| Input Capacitance        | < 400 fF                             | (typical)<br>Refer to Figure A-1 for typical input impedance                                     |
| Input Resistance (probe) | 100 k $\Omega$ ± 5% at DC            | (typical)<br>Probe operating<br>Refer to Figure A-1 for typical input impedance                  |
| Linearity                | ±3%                                  | (typical)<br>Within dynamic range  |

## Specifications

**Table A-2: Nominal and Typical Characteristics (cont.)**

| <b>Characteristic</b>                | <b>Description</b> | <b>Supplemental Information</b>                     |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|---|
| Offset Range                         | $\pm 5$ V          | (nominal)<br>Not adjustable                         |
| Maximum Nondestructive Input Voltage | $\pm 40$ V         | (typical)<br>DC plus peak AC<br>Refer to Figure A-2 |
| Probe Coding                         |                    | TEKPROBE SMA<br>Level 2                             |

**Table A-3: Environmental Characteristics**

| <b>Characteristic</b>  | <b>Description</b>   | <b>Supplemental Information</b>   |
|------------------------|--|---|
| Electrostatic Immunity |  | Tektronix does not warrant the P6207 FET Probe to meet the requirements listed in IEC 801-2 |
| Humidity               | 10 to 30° C:<br>$\leq 95\%$ R.H.<br>30 to 40° C:<br>$\leq 75\%$ R.H.<br>40 to 50° C:<br>$\leq 45\%$ R.H. | Meets the requirements of MIL-STD 28800 E Type III, Class 5                                 |
| Temperature Range      |  | Meets the requirements of MIL-STD 28800 E Type III, Class 5                                 |
| Operating              | 0 to +50° C<br>(+32 to +122° F)  |   |
| Nonoperating           | −40 to +71° C<br>(−40 to +160° F)  |   |

**Table A-4: Physical Characteristics**

| <b>Characteristic</b>                      | <b>Performance Requirement</b> | <b>Supplemental Information</b> |
|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Shipping Weight<br>(including accessories) | 0.1 kg<br>(0.22 lbs)           | (nominal)                       |
| Probe Cable Length                         | 1 m<br>(3.3 ft)                | (nominal)                       |

Specifications

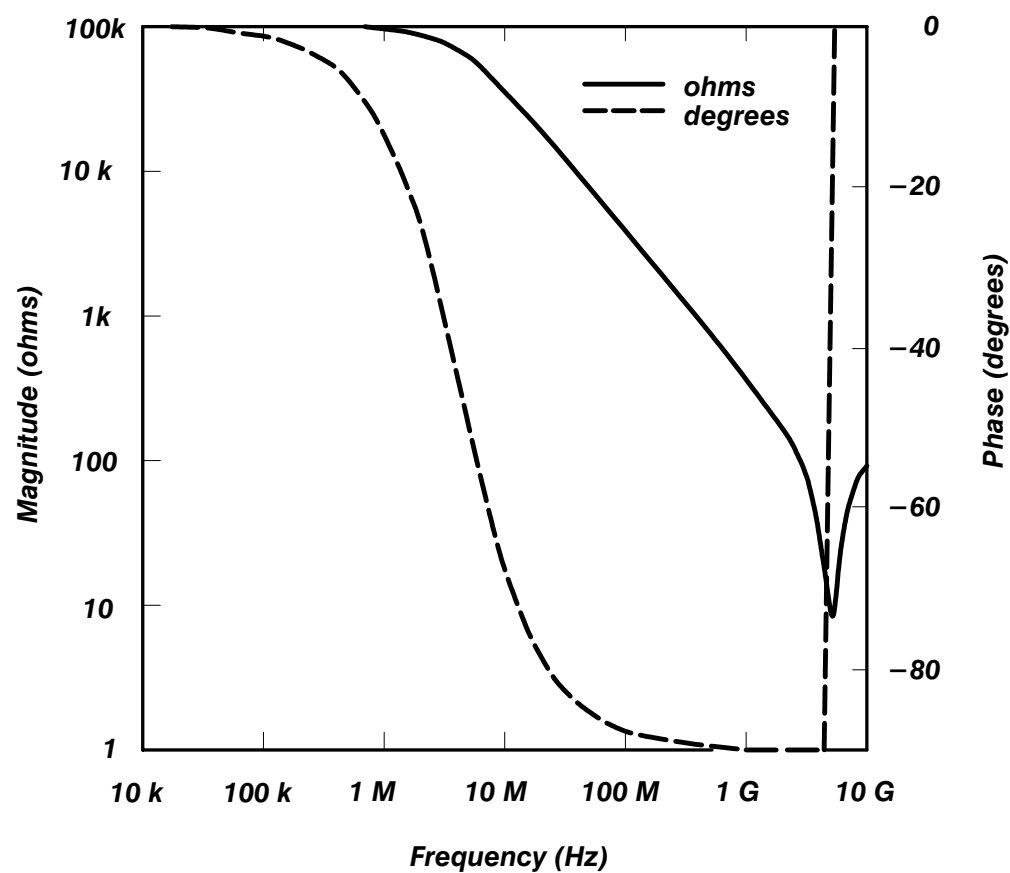


Figure A-1: Typical Input Impedance vs Frequency

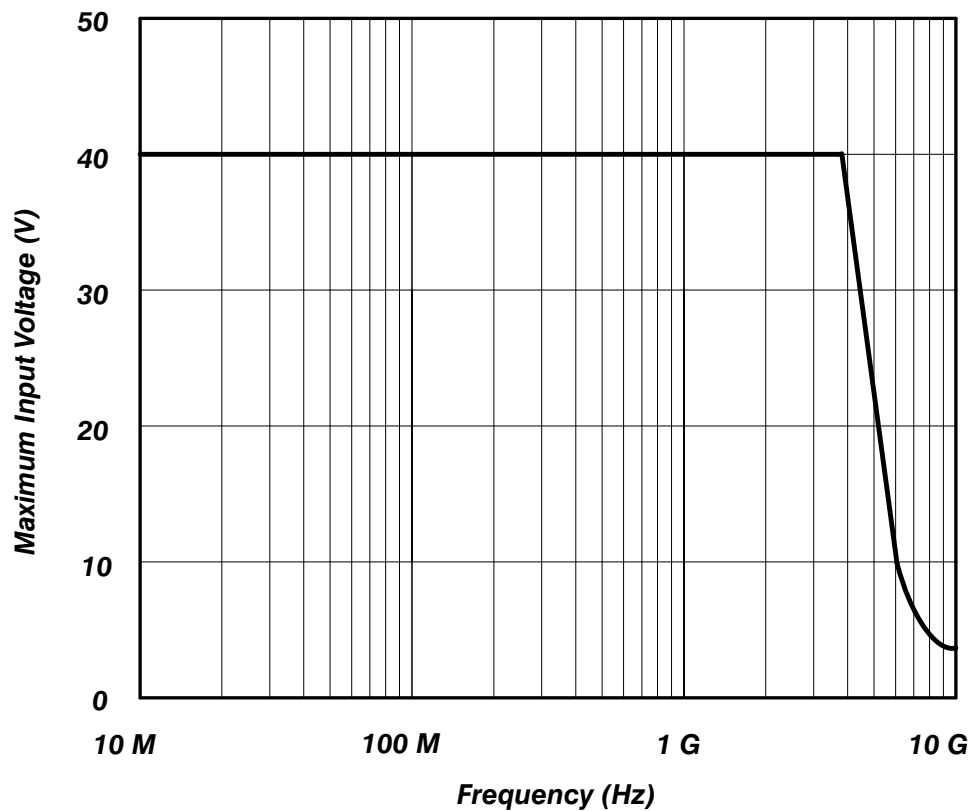


Figure A-2: Voltage Derating vs Frequency

Specifications

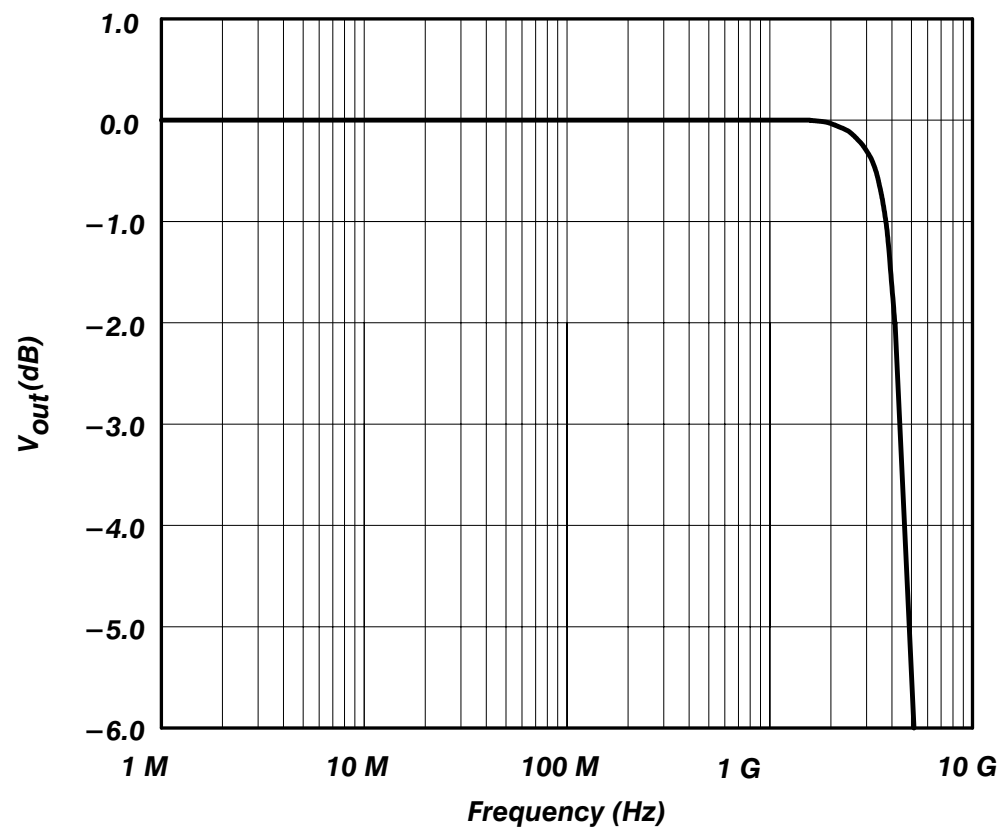


Figure A-3: Typical Frequency Response

# Index





# Index

---

## A

accessories, *1-9–1-13*  
    ESD protective tip, *1-10*  
    ESD protective tip cover, *ix*  
    marker rings, *1-6*  
    shorting caps, *1-10*  
    spring tip, *1-9*  
attenuation  
    failure, *2-9*  
    specification, *1-23*

---

## C

caution statements, *vii*  
circuit boards, probing, *1-9, 1-11, 1-12*  
cleaning, *2-6*  
compensation box, *2-3–2-4*  
connector, interface, *2-4*  
connectors, probing, *1-9*  
contacting Tektronix, *xii*

---

## D

description of product, *1-1*  
dynamic range, *1-14*

---

## E

edge connectors, probing, *1-9*  
electrostatic discharge, precautions, *ix*  
ESD protective tip cover, *ix, 1-10*  
exploded view, *2-16–2-18*  
explosive atmospheres, *vii*

---

## F

fault table, *2-9*  
frequency response curve, *A-8*

---

## G

general information, *1-1*  
ground leads  
    inductance, *1-13–1-14*  
    reducing inductance, *1-9*  
    spring tip, *1-9*

---

## H

hybrid circuit, *2-3*

## Index

---

### I

ICs, probing, 1-9  
identifying probes, 1-6  
impedance, input, A-6  
inductance, reducing, 1-9, 1-11,  
1-13–1-14  
input, linear dynamic range, 1-14  
interface  
    pin assignments, 2-4  
    TEKPROBE, 1-8  
intermittent signal, 2-10

### L

linearity, 1-14  
low-inductance ground leads, 1-9

### M

maintenance, 2-5–2-12  
    cleaning, 2-6  
    corrective, 2-10  
    preventive, 2-5  
    replaceable parts, 2-16–2-18  
    replacement parts, 2-11

### O

operating information, 1-3–1-16  
oscilloscope  
    compatibility, 1-1  
    TEKPROBE compatible, 1-8

output offset  
    checking, 1-30  
    specification, 1-29

### P

parts list, 2-16–2-18  
performance verification, 1-17–1-30  
    output offset, 1-30  
    required equipment, 1-19  
    rise time, 1-24–1-27  
    setup, 1-20  
    when to verify, 1-17  
phase vs frequency, A-6  
power cable, probe, 1-7  
preventive maintenance, 2-5  
probe  
    accessories, 1-2, 1-5  
    assembly, 1-4  
    cleaning, 2-6  
    compatibility, 1-1  
    handling, 1-3  
    installation, 1-7  
    interface, 2-3–2-4  
    interface cable, 1-8  
    power, 1-7  
    troubleshooting, 2-7–2-10

### R

receptacles, probing, 1-9  
replacement parts, 2-11  
rise time  
    checking, 1-24–1-27  
    failure, 2-9  
    specification, 1-25

---

## S

safety terms, *vii*  
short circuit, preventing, 1-9  
shorting caps, 1-10  
sma, probing, 1-12  
specification verification, 1-17–1-30  
specifications, A-1–A-8  
    aberrations, A-3  
    bandwidth, A-3  
    cable length, A-5  
    capacitance, input, A-3  
    conditions, A-1  
    delay time, signal, A-3  
    dynamic range, A-3  
    electrical, A-3  
    environmental, A-4  
    frequency response, A-8  
    humidity, A-4  
    impedance, input, A-6  
    linearity, A-3  
    offset range, A-4  
    physical, A-5  
    resistance, input, A-3  
    static discharge, A-4  
    temperature range, A-4  
    thermal drift, A-3  
    voltage derating curve, A-7  
    voltage, maximum, A-4  
    weight, A-5  
spring tip, 1-9  
static damage, preventing, 1-19, 2-6  
static protection, 1-10  
SureFoot adapters, 1-12

---

## T

TEKPROBE interface, 1-8, 2-3–2-4  
TEKPROBE interface contact pins, 1-8  
telephone number, *xii*

theory of operation, 2-1–2-4  
troubleshooting, 2-7–2-10

---

## V

voltage derating, A-7

---

## W

warning statements, *viii*

